The Columbian.

VOL. 34. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1899. NO. 48

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court convened Tuesday at 9 a. m. with His Honor R. R Little and Associate Judge Kurtz on the bench.

Franklin Getz vs. Ella Davis, Earnest Davis, John Diltz and Addie Diltz, Judgment against the defendants and rule absolute.

Petition of D. L. & W. R. R. Co. for appointment of trustees in mortgage. Court appointed A. H. McClintock, E. E. Lemons and A. S. Baker, trustees.

Bond and sureties of W. H. Henrie as Prothonotary, Clerk of Orphans' Court, Clerk of Quarter Sessions and Clerk of Oyer and Terminer. Approved by Court.

Allen Buck vs. Township of Fishingcreek. Application for rule upon Borough of Stillwater to be made co-party defendant. Rule granted, service accepted and rule made absolute.

Thos. Golder vs. Township of Fishingcreek. Same application as above. Same order.

W. L. Ritter vs. Jas. H. Benscoter. Petition to strike off mechanic's lien. Rule granted.

Estate of Peter Appleman. Exceptions to auditor's report. Papers in hands of Court.

Court adjourned to meet December 4th, at 9:30 a. m.

Doings of the Y. M. C. A.

The men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Hall next Sunday afternoon will be led by Mr. Thos. E. Hyde. Rev. B. C. Conner will make the address, and the Male Choir will sing. A cordial invitation is extended to all men to be present.

The Fair and Bazaar last week was a pronounced success in every particular. The main purpose of the Fair was to raise money for the purchase of the property, and the Ladies' Auxiliary who had the enterprise in charge can congratulate themselves on exceeding their expectations financially. But another feature of the Bazaar was that it proved to be a most delightful place socially. Very many of our good people who had not hitherto known each other, became well acquainted, and many old friendships were renewed and everybody seemed happy.

Every detail reflected great credit upon our excellent Auxiliary and the many friends who so cheerfully assisted. A large number of useful articles remain unsold and arrangements have been made for the closing out sale on Friday evening, Dec. 1st. The Ladies will serve Ice Cream and Cake. Everybody invited to come out and make this a "red-letter" evening.

A Very Appropriate Memorial.

The new instrument for the Reformed Church was used for the first time last Sunday. It is what is known as a Vocalion, and a full description of it was published last week. On the front is a brass plate, on which is inscribed: "To the Glory of God and in loving remembrance of Anna M. Ent Ikeler, this organ is given by her mother, Mary E. Ent, and her grandmother, Sarah A. Petriken."

A sermon was preached by Rev. Apple, of Catawissa, which was interesting, able and appropriate for the occasion. The services of dedication were conducted immediately at the close of morning service.

This handsome gift is a very appropriate memorial to Mrs. Ikeler, as she was for some years the organist of the church.

Wedding at Rupert.

With the surroundings made beautiful by a profusion of flowers and potted plants, Miss Ida Inetta Sutliff, and Mr. James H. Coleman, were married at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. C. E. Kelchner, at Rupert, on Thursday last. The ceremony took place in the parlor and was witnessed by a number of invited guests. Rev. B. C. Conner of the Methodist church, this town performing the ceremony, after which a sumptious dinner was partaken of. The newly married couple are well known in this section. Mr. Coleman is traveling saleman for the large grocery firm of Kindig & Co., Philadelphia.

Long Distance Telephone.

Long Distance Telephone service is becoming a most important feature in the commercial world. And as a money, and time saver it is unequaled. Merchants who use the Long Distance Telephone not only have the entire United States at their command, but are identified with the progressive business men of the present day.

SERVING LIFE SENTENCE.

The New York *Press*, of Saturday, contained the following account of the removal of Annie Walden from Blackwell's Island to Auburn. Before marriage she was a Miss Graham, daughter of Philip Graham, of Almedia. She resided in this town for many years. The *Press* says:

"The last woman prisoner sentenced for life has left the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island. She is Annie Walden. She was taken to Auburn Thursday.

She is a frail, delicate little woman, dying of consumption and cancer.

The State Department sent Dr. Guerin, of Auburn, to Blackwell's Island on Thursday. He reported that the woman was fit to be removed. The physician at the penitentiary objected, but requisitions were served by the State Department on Commissioner Lantly and Warden Fallon.

Eight years ago the whole country was stirred over Annie Walden's trial. She shot and killed her husband, James, outside the Metropolitan Opera House on the night of October 31, 1891. He was the son of Jetter Walden and a nephew of Wyndham Walden, and, naturally, a turfman.

Annie Graham was born in Carlisle, Pa. Her father is a clergyman. Eleven years ago, when nineteen years old, she came to New York. When twenty-one years old she was married to James Walden, who was nineteen years old. They lived in a flat on Fortieth street, near Broadway. Jeter Walden refused to recognize the marriage. The couple quarrelled frequently. She swore at her trial that he struck her in front of the Opera House and that she then shot him."

Held Up and Robbed.

John H. Ertwine was held up and relieved of twenty eight dollars by three masked men on the river hill a short distance above East Bloomsburg station about half past ten last Thursday night. Mr. Ertwine was on his way home from Shenandoah, where he went to dispose of a load of poultry. He found a ready market and after selling out started for home with about seventy or eighty dollars, mostly in bills. When he reached McCauleys' station he was a little fearful that something might happen, and he took what paper money he had and placed it in his shoe, the silver he wrapt up in a cloth and secreted it under a box in the rear of the wagon, after which he proceeded on his journey home. When he reached the point above mentioned three men sprang suddenly from the side of the road and covering him with revolvers demanded his money. Fearing that they might kill him if he refused, he revealed the hidding place of the silver. They then went through his pockets, after which they let him go. He arrived home about half an hour later, frightened almost to death but thankful that he was alive. Placing the paper money in his shoe proved to be a wise move, for had he not done so, he would not have had a cent to show for his labors.

Mr. Ertwine lives on the Buckalew farm, between Bloomsburg and Light Street. This was his first experience in this line and he hopes it will be the last one.

A Thousand Young Men Wanted.

A thousand young men wanted to hear the wonderfully interesting and beautifully illustrated lecture on "The Modern Prodigal Son" in the Methodist Episcopal church Thanksgiving evening Nov. 30. "Beyond any doubt the most effective illustrated lecture ever given. One hundred artistic stereopticen views, photographs from life will be shown. The beautifully colored, illustrated hymns, "Throw out the life line," "Rock of Ages," "Where is my boy to night," will be thrown upon the screen. Every young man should see it."—Oneonta, N. Y. *Star*. Admission free. A silver collection will be taken to defray expenses. "A thousand young men wanted."

For Sale!

A lot of 23 acres, with house and barn, 8 acres of timber, good water, fruit, etc., located in Hemlock township, 3 miles west of Buck Horn. Terms reasonable. Address, B. F. Brobst, Buck Horn, Pa. 11-30 4t

The bread which received the first and second premiums at the Columbia county fair in 1898 and 1899 was baked from the Leader flour manufactured by Ikeler & Fleckenstine.

11-30 2mos

The Pay of Teachers.

State Superintendent Schaeffer's Statements Are Combatted.

The leading theme that is being presented this fall before the teachers' institutes in Pennsylvania by Dr. N. C. Schaeffer, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, is the commercial value of a boy's time in school. He estimates the average earnings of an educated man who has graduated from the common schools at $1,000 per year, and compares this with the wages of a common day laborer at $1.50 a day, who must perforce do such work because he lacks education to do any other.

The illustrations of Dr Schaeffer are pleasing, especially before a body of teachers, but real conditions do not confirm the argument. The great majority of young men and women reared in Pennsylvania towns have received the benefits of a fair common school education, yet it is patent to all who have observed the niches they filled in business life that a very rare one realizes that $1000 is decidedly in excess of the annual receipts.

Take school teachers for instance—what is their average pay in the State? At the preseut time the Erie *Daily Times* is publishing data to show that the uneducated janitors in the school buildings of the city receive more pay per month than the teachers, even though many of the pedagogues have filled their vocations for one or more decades. In School No. 3, of Erie, a teacher with fourteen years experience receives less than $10 per week, and others as low as $5.25 a week, while the janitor of the building is paid more than $9 per week. In school No. 4, the teachers receive from $6 to $9 a week and the janitor more than $13. The salaries of instructors generally range from $55 to $70 a month, with few getting as much as even $50.

In his outlining of results from a common school education, Dr. Schaeffer will have to materially lesson his estimate of the average earnings of pupils in after life, because most people are fully aware that fancy salaries are not prevalent to any marked degree.—*Hazleton Sentinel.*

Thanksgiving.

As the day of our annual Thanksgiving draws near, my thoughts naturally turn to the offering to be taken on that day, for the sick and destitute of our town; and I am led to hope it may be the largest ever given. Never in the twenty years that I have had charge of that fund, has the amount been equal to the demand, but has had to be made up by private contributions some times to the amount of a hundred dollars. Now, dear friends, just once, before I become superannuated and obliged to give this work into younger and more competent hands, I should like to have enough, so as not to be obliged to say to any poor, worthy, suffering brother or sister, "I would gladly help you, but my funds have given out and I cannot do it." Go to the Union service to be held in the Reform church on Thanksgiving Day prepared to give conscientiously, as God has given you to aid this worthy cause, but if for any reason you cannot attend this service, do not consider yourselves deprived of the beloved privilege of giving; I will be at home, No. 143 West First street, on Monday of each week to receive offerings of money, provisions, new or half worn garments (provided they are clean and neatly mended) bedding and anything that goes to make the sick and suffering poor more comfortable.

Very respectfully,
MRS. M. C. WALKER.

Collectors Must Pay Up.

The County Commissioners at their meeting Nov. 15th passed a resolution that their solicitor proceed forthwith against all collectors holding unpaid county duplicates previous to 1898, and that the Sheriff proceed without delay with the writs in his hands against delinquent collectors, and that all collectors holding unpaid duplicates prior to 1899 be requested to settle the same not later than December 23, 1899.

(COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
(Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 24, '99.
Attest: R. F. VANDERSLICE, Clerk.
11-30-3-t

Licenses.

December 23d is the last day for filing license applications in the office of the Clerk of the Courts. A new lot of blanks have just been printed at this office, on good paper. 3t

Market street is being given a top covering of crushed cinder.

Many farmers have been engaged the past few weeks plowing sod in preparation for spring crops.

Geo. W. Hess has quite an advertising novelty in his show window. It is a farm scene with horses, cows and chickens kept in motion, and a fountain with a perpetual stream of water.

All the directors of the Bloomsburg School District were present at the regular monthly meeting of that body held Friday night. Orders were issued for teachers and janitors salaries and other expenses. A special meeting will be held in two weeks at which time it is expected that J. K. Bittenbender will settle the 1895 duplicate.

The annual reunion of the Philologian Literary Society, of the State Normal School, will take place in Normal Auditorium tonight (Thanksgiving). The Society has secured for the occasion the New York Ladies' Trio, assisted by Miss Carlsmith, contralto. This is one of the finest organizations on the road. Don't miss it.

Carpenters are at work at the Farmers National Bank building, making extensive alterations. The work will be pushed to a speedy completion. A third story is to be added, and the front will be entirely new. The building when completed will wonderfully improve the appearance of that corner. The carpenters worked all of Tuesday night.

Some Northumberland county moneyed men are striving to equal the venture of the men who propose to make Niagara Falls a big distributing medium for electrical force. They contemplate building a turbine wheel in the stream in Brush Valley north of the Shamokin Water Company's dam and furnishing power to nearby towns to operate electric light plants, factories, etc.

The Postmaster General has issued an order forbidding postmasters in the United States to collect postage due in excess of the domestic rate on any letters sent by soldiers, sailors, or marines, or other persons in the United States service in Guam and the Philippine Islands. The order is given immediate effect, and postmasters are directed to disregard all ratings of postage due in excess of the domestic rate made prior to this date.

Mr. Frank H. Sloan, the present City Surveyor, who will soon go out of office, has formed a co-partnership with Mr. George B. Wade to carry on the contracting business. Mr. Wade's former partner, Mr. Francis Burns, Jr., was killed by a train several weeks ago while in Ohio on engineering business. Mr. Sloan, who is an engineer, will succeed him, the name of the firm being changed from Wade, Burns & Co., to Wade, Sloan & Co.—Baltimore *Sun*.

Danville's school authorities manage without resort to corporal punishment, when a pupil disregards the rules. After one of the teachers had exhausted all reasonable means to overcome one boy's incorrigibile ways, the lad was expelled. Nor would the school board re-admit the pupil until he went before the school and apologized for his conduct, besides promising to do better. The board also reprimanded the boy, and admonished his parents that any further misconduct would result in his expulsion for the term.

When lace is soiled, even the very finest, such as honiton and point, you can clean it by being careful in this way: Sew the lace upon strips of muslin and roll it tight around a smooth glass bottle and fasten securely. Make a suds by adding a teaspoonful of Gold Dust Washing Powder, and put the bottle in this to soak for several hours. If the water looks soiled, make fresh suds, and repeat this process, putting the lace frequently between the fingers and rinse in several waters, then dry the lace on the bottle with a soft towel.

For Rent.

Proctor Inn, well furnished, from Feb. 1st 1900. Rent cheap. Apply to G. E. Elwell or A. L. Fritz, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf

"The self respect a man gains by being well dressed is worth even more to him than the good impression his clothes make upon others."

QUALITY

WE wish every man could know the truth about these HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX clothes: know how good the materials are, how well put together, how stylish and durable, and how easily we can fit him with a becoming suit and still leave him money for other things.

The quality of every H. S. & M. suit is warranted by the makers and you have our guarantee on top of theirs.

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX

H. S. & M.

TAILOR - MADE CLOTHES

OVERCOAT WEATHER

Is here, and likely to be our constant companion, until about April 1st. This suggests our mentioning the merit of our Overcoats, not only as to superior qualities in cloth, but also as to the linings, cut, fit and finish, and not the least interesting to you, the very reasonable price—from $3.98 to $20—for Overcoat, Top Coat, Storm Coat, or the always comfortable Ulster.

BEN. GIDDING,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

We'll treat you right.

The Leader Department Store.

Furniture Repairing & Upholstering.

We have re-opened our repair department, under experienced management, and are prepared to do all kinds of repair and upholstering work at short notice. Goods called for and delivered.

Bed Flannel Underwear.

We are closing out a line of these goods at 25c. They are honestly all wool and we have sold a great many of them at $1, but to get rid of the balance we cut the price ¾.

Ladies' Waists.

We have a new line of these goods, in flannel and mercerized cotton, neat fitting and tasty in appearance. A good one for 50c., the best for $2.00.

Ladies' Suits and Jackets.

Look at our $8.00 Suits. We have them up to $18.00. These are silk lined throughout.

Carpets! Carpets!

We are cleaning up a lot of remnants and slow sellers. If we have enough to cover your room we can give you a decided bargain. All carpets will be higher in price for spring, but with us, you'll always find us lower in price, and with a larger assortment, than anywhere in the town.

We have one or two rolls, suitable for chamber carpets. The price has been right along 30c. To close out the dropped patterns we make the price 20c. We have also a few rolls which we sold for 45c. We'll make the price 25c. to close. Kindly bear in mind that no one can sell you so cheaply as we. You are dealing with first hands.

FREE.—We have a lot of carpets, suitable for buggies. Come and buy $1.00 worth of anything, and put a fresh carpet in your carriage.

Galvanized Buckets.

We have eight dozen heavy buckets to sell. Extra wel made for a special purpose. We intended ordering eight, but by mistake the eight dozen were shipped, and so we want to sell them quickly. They would be good value anywhere at 50c. Give us 65c. for two of them and we'll let them go.

The Leader Store Co., Ltd.

Fourth and Market Streets.

CHASING AGUINALDO.

General Young Still After the Fugitive Leader.

THE NATIVES WELCOME AMERICANS.

Otis Reports Capture of Money, Arms and Ammunition in Large Quantities—Filipino Force South of Manila Is Now Dispersing.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—A dispatch just received by the war department from General Otis contains meager information about the pursuit of Aguinaldo. According to General Otis' advices, Aguinaldo is heading for Bangued, a town in the mountain district that begins just east of the west coast. Bangued is in a bend of the Abra river, a stream of some importance, which runs into the sea at Vigan, a seaport town to which General Otis makes reference. It is probable that Aguinaldo is following the military road, which runs close to the west coast. The dispatch bears date of Nov. 27 and is as follows:

"Steamer from San Fabian yesterday brought 115 Spanish prisoners, $75,000 insurgent government money and other property captured by Lawton's troops near Tayug on 25th. Wheaton's troops, Fowler's company Thirty-third, drove enemy westward from Mangatarem, few miles southwest Dagupan. Captured five 3 inch muzzle loading guns, twelve rifles, 12,000 rounds Maxim cartridges, 1,000 shrapnel, 800 pounds powder and other property; also 94 Spanish and American prisoners. Bell, with Thirty-sixth infantry, in pursuit and will march down western Luzon coast. Indications are two or three bodies insurgent troops numbering probably 500 or more men each in mountains west of railroad. Can be readily handled by MacArthur. They have the bulk of the insurgent artillery, all of which will be captured unless buried.

"Young still in pursuit of Aguinaldo, who is heading for Bangued, few miles east of Vigan. Young, with cavalry and scouts, is followed by battalion Thirty-third and by Balance's battalion Twenty-second. Two battalions Thirty-third en route for Vigan by military post road.

"Young's reception by inhabitants enthusiastic. They give all aid possible. Aguinaldo has collected more than 1,000 of his troops at the north. Probably most will desert him. Number small detachments insurgent troops throughout country north of Manila have been captured, and inhabitants manifest gratitude for deliverance.

"Indications are that insurgent force south of Manila disintegrating and troops going to their homes. Reports from southern islands favorable. Zamboanga insurgents surrendered to our troops, and no trouble anticipated there."

General Otis later telegraphed as follows:

"Oregon landed marines at Vigan yesterday. Young's column at Nainogpacan, 20 miles north San Fernando, on 23d, from which point passed north into mountains. Troops will relieve marines at Vigan 29th. Bulk Spanish and American prisoners reported at Bangued, 20 miles east Vigan.

"Wheaton, San Fabian, just reports capture of 73 more rifles, $1,100 in money; also that he has been obliged to take mother and son of Aguinaldo under guard to San Fabian to prevent their murder by natives. They will be sent here first opportunity and delivered to friends.

"Natives in vicinity of Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya, offering services to drive out insurgents and request arms. Report only 400 insurgents there. Report from Zamboanga says insurgents surrendered heavy artillery to navy and since have surrendered to Nichols, commanding battalion Twenty-third infantry, 179 rifles, one Nordenfeldt and four breechloading cannon. Order restored in town and vicinity. About 80 Tagalos scattered in mountains."

Secretary Long has received a cablegram from Admiral Watson informing him that the entire province of Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, had surrendered unconditionally to Commander Very of the Castine. The surrender was made on the 18th inst.

NEW FILIPINO PLANS.

Aguinaldo's Cabinet Decides on Guerrilla Warfare.

MANILA, Nov. 27.—The last Filipino council of war was held by the retreating leaders at Bayambang on Nov. 13, in the house now occupied by General MacArthur. It was attended by Aguinaldo, Pio del Pilar, Garcia, Alejandrino and some members of the so called cabinet. Information has reached General MacArthur from several sources to the effect that the council recognized the futility of attempting further resistance to the Americans with united forces and agreed that the Filipino troops should scatter and should hereafter follow guerrilla methods.

Reports of ambuscades and skirmishes come from every section of the country along the railroads. Those districts seem to be filled with small bands. Saturday four men of Company D, Ninth infantry, were foraging beyond Bamban, when 20 Filipinos took them in ambush, killing one and capturing the other three. The Americans resisted for half an hour. The firing being heard at Bamban, Lieutenant Frazer, with a squad, followed the retreating Filipinos several miles. The Americans found the body of the soldier boloed. They burned the hamlet where the fight took place.

Three Filipino riflemen ambushed an American surgeon near Capas. He shot one, and the others fled.

Aguinaldo's youngest child, who was recently christened at Tarlac with great ceremony, died and was buried at Dayamban in Aguinaldo's flight.

General Wheaton reports that natives have threatened violence to Aguinaldo's mother, who is now sheltered in a convent with a guard. General Otis has ordered her to be brought to Manila for safety.

General Alejandrino commands the insurgents, who are short of food and ammunition, and the men are deserting fast. This force is about ten miles from Mangatarem and is proceeding slowly along the mountain trail, trying to drag six guns. Colonel Bell is pursuing them and is trying to force a decisive action.

Samoan Treaty Rejected.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The United States has given notice to Great Britain and Germany that the government has declined to accept the disposition of the Samoan islands as decided by the British-German combine.

THE FRANKLIN SYNDICATE.

Manager Miller's Place Raided, but He Had Disappeared.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—William F. Miller, head of the Franklin syndicate, which has accepted the deposits of thousands of persons in Brooklyn under promise of paying dividends of 10 per cent a week, or 520 per cent per annum, and Cecil Leslie, his secretary, were indicted by the Kings county grand jury yesterday afternoon.

Bench warrants were issued for the arrest of these two men, but up to quite a late hour last night neither had been found, the police saying that they had disappeared in the afternoon.

Last night the police, under charge of Captain Reynolds, chief of detectives in the borough of Brooklyn; Inspector Brennan and Police Captain Lee raided the premises occupied by the Franklin syndicate on Floyd street. There was a great crowd of people around the building, and the police surrounded it. Inspector Brennan arrested Louis Miller, brother of the head of the syndicate and the cashier of the concern, and took possession of $15,000 in cash. There were 40 employees engaged at work in the offices, and these were allowed to go. It was stated by Louis Miller to the police that the offices were then in the hands of ex-Sheriff Daily of Richmond, to whom, he said, the concern had assigned.

The charge upon which Miller was indicted was that of conspiring to defraud. The district attorney's office in the borough of Brooklyn has been at work on the case for some weeks, so prominent have become Miller's operations in that town.

Miller has been engaged for the past two years or so in offering his glittering inducements to the people to invest their money for him to make use of, but it has been only within the last month that by extensive advertising in one way or another he has managed to attract to his office hundreds of people daily, who gathered in a long line or fought with each other for the opportunity to hand out their savings.

Even when the place was raided last night by the police a number of those around the offices were waiting to deposit money with the Franklin syndicate.

MAINE HERO A SUICIDE.

"Bill" Anthony Takes Poison In Central Park and Dies Suddenly.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—William Anthony, widely known as "Brave Bill" Anthony, the marine orderly whose coolness when the Maine was going down under his feet to the bottom of Havana harbor made him famous, committed suicide yesterday. The man who in that terrible emergency could say to Captain Sigsbee without the quiver of an eyelash, saluting the while as if discipline were the only thing on earth worth caring much about, "Sir, I have the honor to inform you that the ship has been blown up and is sinking," could not endure the ordinary trials of life with that patient fortitude which marks many a hero of another kind.

Anthony drank a quantity of cocaine in Central park, close to the entrance at Seventy-ninth street and Fifth avenue, about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A policeman saw him raise the bottle to his lips and then fall to the ground. An ambulance happened to be near by, and Anthony was hurried to the Presbyterian hospital. He was not unconscious and in answer to questions told the policeman that he lived in Albany. He refused to disclose his identity. At the hospital he died 35 minutes after his admission in spite of all that the surgeons could do.

Spanish War Damages.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Claims have been filed up to date on account of damages sustained by American citizens through the Spanish war to the amount of $25,000,000, and the president is expected to submit a recommendation to congress in his message looking to the creation of a commission to adjudicate these claims and make provision for the payment of such as are found to be legitimate.

Fast Time on the Rail.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 24.—All records on the Lake Shore between Cleveland and Buffalo were broken Wednesday night. One of the big new locomotives started out of Buffalo with eight heavy cars an hour and one minute late and reached this city two minutes ahead of time. The distance, 188 miles, was covered in 186 minutes running time, not including 18 minutes lost in three stops.

Deposit of Lead Found.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 24.—A large deposit of lead has been discovered on the farm of Mervin Bruce of Horicon, Warren county. Six acres of a good quality of lead have already been uncovered, and it is expected that the find will prove a valuable one.

Repine Wins Bicycle Race.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 28.—Bert Repine of Nashville has won the 48 hour bicycle race. The final score was: Repine, 961 miles 4 laps; Julius, 961 miles 3 laps; Miller, 961 miles 2 laps; Lawson, 960 miles 10 laps; Waller, 960 miles 7 laps.

General Miles Returns.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Major General Miles, commanding the army, has returned to Washington, after a tour of inspection which included the fortifications on the Pacific coast and the gulf of Mexico.

New York Markets.

FLOUR—State and western weakened by the break in wheat, except for low grade winter, which held steady; winter patents, $3.60@3.85; winter straights, $3.35@3.50; Minnesota patents, $3.80@4.10; winter extras, $2.65@3.

WHEAT—No. 2 red opened weak at ¼c. decline because of lower cables, foreign selling, December liquidation and prospects of a large visible supply increase; December, 70¾@70 15-16c.; May, 74⅝@74 13-16c.

RYE—Steady; state, 56c.; No. 2 western, 62¼c. f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—No. 2 sold off ¼@¼c. under liquidation, prompted by lower cables and fair weather west; December, 38 1-16c.; May, 38⅝c.

OATS—No. 2 quiet and easy; track, white, state, 31@34c.; track, white, western, 31@34c.

PORK—Quiet; mess, $9@9.75; family, $11.50@12.

LARD—Firm; prime western steam, $5.40, nominal.

BUTTER—Strong; state dairy, 18@25c.; state creamery, 23@26c.

CHEESE—Firm; small, September, 12⅛@12¾c.; finest October, 12@12¼c.

EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 23@24c.; western, ungraded, 14@20c.

SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3 13-16c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 4c.; refined steady; crushed, 5 9-16c.; powdered, 5¼c.

RICE—Steady; domestic, 4¼@7¼c.; Japan, 4¼@5¾c.

TALLOW—Steady; city, 4⅛@4 9-16c.; country, 4½@4¾c.

HAY—Quiet; shipping, 65@75c.; good to choice, 80@87½c.

BREAK IN WAR NEWS

London Awaits Tidings With Great Anxiety.

MORE TROOPS TO BE MOBILIZED.

Buller's Force Has Begun Advance For the Relief of Ladysmith—Methuen's Forward Movement Is Checked at Modder River.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A fresh interruption in the east African cable service at this interesting moment has caused a cessation of war news. As yet the war office has not received Lord Methuen's detailed list of casualties, nor is any information at hand regarding the whereabouts of the Ninth lancers, who were sent in pursuit of the Boers from Gras Pan.

The Daily Mail says that a private telegram announces that the lancers are still scouting ahead of Methuen's advancing column, but as he announced yesterday that he was giving his men a day's rest this is hardly possible. Indeed the greatest anxiety is felt, and more especially in view of the fact that a Berlin journal, the Deutsche Warte, which regularly prints Boer communications, announced yesterday, before it could have been ascertained from British sources, that the naval brigade lost 100 men at Gras Pan and that the Ninth lancers were captured.

It is understood that the government yesterday decided to proceed immediately with the mobilization and embarkation of a sixth division of 10,000 men under a well known lieutenant general.

General Hildyard's achievement at Beacon hill is beginning to be recognized as one of the best things the campaign has yet shown, as it has relieved the tension of the situation in Natal and has brought the relief of Ladysmith within measureable distance. General Buller appears to be confident of Lord Methuen's ability and is devoting all his energy to Ladysmith.

Buller Starts For Ladysmith.

ESTCOURT, Natal, Nov. 28.—A British column 10,000 strong reached here Sunday night. The advance on Colenso has begun. The railway to Pietermaritzburg is being rapidly repaired. General Buller has established headquarters at Willow Grange station. The Boers have retreated from Freres.

Scouts report Joubert at Chievely station, about eight miles from Colenso. Boer raiding parties have been chased by a flying column from here. The railroad has been opened as far north as Frere station, where the armored train was captured Nov. 15.

General Methuen's Advance.

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 28.—General Methuen's column, after occupying Honey Nest Kloof, 42 miles from Kimberley, pressed on to Modder River station. The Boers were found concentrated in such a strong position there that the British advance was checked till Methuen could bring up re-enforcements from the rear.

The fate of Kimberley depends upon the battle to be fought at Modder River. If the Boers are defeated, Kimberley will be immediately relieved.

Kentucky Proves Satisfactory.

BOSTON, Nov. 25.—Against tide, wind and a heavy head sea for at least half her course the new battleship Kentucky made a record of 16.877 knots an hour yesterday on her official speed trial over the government course from Cape Ann to Boone island and by her work showed that she is a little faster than her sister ship, the Kearsarge, which recently was sent over the same course. The trial satisfied her builders, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock company, that she can justly be rated as a 17 knot vessel, although her contract calls for only 16 knots, as they expect that when the figures of the trial are revised and tidal allowances made it will be found that she actually averaged 17 knots on her run.

Discovered Many Comets.

GENEVA, N. Y., Nov. 28.—Dr. William R. Brooks, director of Smith observatory, has just been awarded by the Paris Academy of Sciences "the grand Lalande" prize for his numerous and brilliant astronomical discoveries. The prize is a gold medal worth 500 francs or its value in gold. Besides his other discoveries Dr. Brooks is the discoverer of a larger number of comets than any other living astronomer in the world.

Dr. Storrs' Resignation Accepted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—At a meeting held in the lecture room of the Church of the Pilgrims last night a motion was offered and carried accepting the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Richard Salter Storrs as pastor of the church, the same to take effect on Jan. 1 next. A committee was appointed to convey the action of the church to Dr. Storrs, together with expressions of regard and affection of the members.

Short Supply of Wool.

BOSTON, Nov. 25.—The Boston Commercial Bulletin says today of the wool situation: "The wool market continues excited. The territories are bare of wool, and there is little in interior markets. The supply now on hand is about where it usually is in February. Prices have further advanced. Territory fine medium has been sold on a basis of 62 cents clean. Foreign markets are all advancing."

Deportation of Aliens.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Reports to the immigration bureau show that during the last month aliens have been deported from the United States as follows: Public charges, 301; diseased, 24; insane, 5; contract laborers, 30; returned within one year after landing, 3; total, 363.

Hermit Dead.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Joe Ellis, "the hermit of Marvin hollow," has just died near Walton. He was at one time associated with Horace Greeley in literary work, but years ago renounced the world and lived alone in a hut.

Russian Monopoly Extended.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Mail asserts that the Russian and Persian governments have signed an agreement prolonging for ten years Russia's railway construction monopoly in Persia.

Immigration Figures.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Reports to the immigration bureau show that the total immigration to the United States during the last four months was 115,276, an increase over that of the corresponding period of last year of 30,544.

LUMBER SCHOONERS.

There Are Not Many of This Kind of Craft Now Seen in the Chicago River.

"Have you noticed the great falling off in the number of lumber schooners in the Chicago river?" said the old bridgetender as he leaned on the rail of his bridge and watched a mighty steel steamer majestically sweep through the murky water with thousands of tons of ore in her hold. "A few years ago, comparatively, the old wooden schooners with their tapering masts showed up in the distance almost every time the tug whistles sounded for a bridge to open. Now we are warned by the deep cough of a steamer, says the Chicago Chronicle. The lumber carriers, which used to plod slowly down the stream laden almost to the water's edge with sawed lumber, shingles, cedar posts and all that sort of stuff from Michigan forests, are not here any more. Not one in five of the old fleet of lumber schooners makes Chicago as they did. Well? One reason is that the Michigan forests are getting played out and the Wisconsin lumbermen are floating their logs down the Wisconsin rivers to the Mississippi country and cutting them there, giving Chicago the go-by. A whole lot of the trade has been diverted in that way, and again lots of it goes to South Chicago. That Calumet country is rapidly filling up with lumber yards, because the river hauls are shorter and the tug bills are, therefore, less. If the Chicago lumber men don't do something to help matters they will find themselves up a stump before long."

"A Heart as Sturdy as an Oak." — But what about the blood which the heart must pump at the rate of 70 times a minute? If the heart is to be sturdy and the nerves strong this blood must be rich and pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes sturdy hearts because it makes good blood. It gives to men and women strength, confidence, courage and endurance.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Many a man who can tell the exact distance of all the planets doesn't know how far it is to the nearest grocery store.

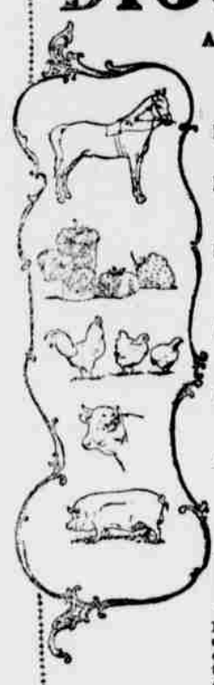
The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
WHOOPING COUGH. ASTHMA.
BRONCHITIS AND INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION IS
OTTO'S CURE
Sold by all druggists 25&50cts

K&K K&K K&K K&
NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.
NO CURE-NO PAY
THE NEW METHOD TREATMENT, original with Drs. K. & K., will positively cure forever any form of Blood or Sexual disease. It is the result of 30 years' experience in the treatment of these diseases.
WE CURE SYPHILIS
This terrible Blood Poison, the terror of mankind, yields readily to our NEW TREATMENT. Beware of Mercury, Potash, etc. They may ruin your system. If you have sores in the mouth or tongue, pains in the joints, sore throat, hair or eyebrows falling out, pimples or blotches, stomach derangement, sore eyes, headaches, etc., you have the secondary stage of this Blood Poison. We solicit the most obstinate cases, and challenge the world for a case we accept for treatment and cannot cure. By our treatment the ulcers heal, the hair grows again, pains disappear, the skin becomes healthy, and marriage is possible and safe.
CURES GUARANTEED
Thousands of young and middle-aged men have their vigor and vitality sapped by early abuses, later excesses, mental worry, etc. No matter the cause, our New Method Treatment is the refuge.
WE CURE IMPOTENCY
And restore all parts to a normal condition. Ambition, life and energy are renewed, and one feels himself a man among men. Every case is treated individually—no cure-all—hence our wonderful success. No matter what ails you, consult us confidentially. We can furnish bank bonds to guarantee to accomplish what we claim.
250,000 CURED
We treat and cure: EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, SYPHILIS, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINS, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, KIDNEY and BLADDER Diseases. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call, write for QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT.
DRS.
KENNEDY & KERGAN
247 Superior St.,
CLEVELAND, O.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BIGGLE BOOKS
A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive—Handsomely Printed and Beautifully Illustrated.
By JACOB BIGGLE

No. 1—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK
All about Horses—a Common-Sense Treatise, with over 74 illustrations; a standard work. Price, 50 Cents.
No. 2—BIGGLE BERRY BOOK
All about growing Small Fruits—read and learn how; contains 43 colored life-like reproductions of all leading varieties and 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.
No. 3—BIGGLE POULTRY BOOK
All about Poultry; the best Poultry Book in existence, tells everything; with 23 colored life-like reproductions of all the principal breeds; with 103 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.
No. 4—BIGGLE COW BOOK
All about Cows and the Dairy Business; having a great sale; contains 8 colored life-like reproductions of each breed, with 132 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.
No. 5—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK
Just out. All about Hogs—Breeding, Feeding, Butchery, Diseases, etc. Contains over 80 beautiful half-tones and other engravings. Price, 50 Cents.
The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique, original, useful—you never saw anything like them—so practical, so sensible. They are having an enormous sale—East, West, North and South. Every one who keeps a Horse, Cow, Hog or Chicken, or grows Small Fruits, ought to send right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS. The
FARM JOURNAL
Is your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old; it is the great boiled-down, hit-the-nail-on-the-head,—quit-after-you-have-said-it, Farm and Household paper in the world—the biggest paper of its size in the United States of America—having over a million and a-half regular readers.
Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL 5 YEARS (remainder of 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for A DOLLAR BILL.
Sample of FARM JOURNAL and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free.
WILMER ATKINSON, CHAS. F. JENKINS. Address, FARM JOURNAL PHILADA.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.
CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES

Butter per lb	$ .26
Eggs per dozen	.26
Lard per lb	.10
Ham per pound	.13
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	.90
Oats " "	.40
Rye " "	50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.00
Hay per ton	$12.00
Potatoes per bushel	.50
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	.80
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25
Tallow per lb	.05
Shoulder " "	.09
Side meat " "	.00
Vinegar, per qt	.05
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.60
Corn meal, cwt	1.25
Bran, "	1.00
Chop "	1.00
Middlings "	1.00
Chickens per lb new	.10
" " " old	.10
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.14
Ducks " "	.08
COAL.	
No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists
11-23-4t.d.

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.
PIANOS, From $175.00 and Upwards.
ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upwards
We sell on the installment plan. Pianos $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of kinds.
We handle Genuine Singer High Arm
SEWING MACHINES,
$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Machine, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of
WASH MACHINES,
FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.
J. SALTZER.
Music Rooms—No. 115 West Main St., below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa. 3m11-3

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Park, PHILA., PA.
11-9-4td

Four Mutilated Bodies are Found

Awful Quadruple Murder at Montgomery, Pa.

Mutilated almost beyond recognition, the bodies of two children of Mrs. Edward Hummel were found buried in a haystack about a mile from Montgomery, Thursday afternoon.

The same night the body of a third child and that of Mrs. Hummel herself were discovered in a nearby outbuilding. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Edward Hummel, who is Mrs. Hummel's second husband, and a stepfather of her children.

Mrs. Hummel's name before marrying Hummel, four weeks ago, was Yeager. Immediately after the marriage she and her children accompanied Hummel to his little farm. Three weeks ago the neighbors noticed the absence of two children. They paid no attention to the fact that Mrs. and the third child were not about, supposing them to have gone visiting in another part of the county.

Thursday a search of the premises was inaugurated. A piece of burlap smeared with blood was found near the barn. In the barnyard a straw stack appeared to have been disturbed. When the straw was pulled away the bodies of two children were revealed. Their heads were battered into a jelly.

The house, cellar and barn were then searched, the party suspecting that Mrs. Hummel and her other child had been murdered also. Everything was upside down, and blood smeared here and there showed where the little ones had been battered to death, but no other bodies were found at that time.

Coroner Goehring and County Detective Munson were summoned from Williamsport and arrived Thursday evening. Shortly after they reached the scene the bodies of Mrs. Hummel and her remaining child were discovered in the outbuilding.

The bodies of Mrs. Hummel and the third child were found in a horribly mutilated state.

Montgomery and the surrounding country is wild with excitement.

No motive for the quadruple murder has yet been found.

The crime is without a parallel in the history of Lycoming county.

Miles of Trade Exhibits.

Extent of the Journey Required to see Everything in the Phiadelphia Exposition.

Philadelphia, November 13.

Some idea of the magnitude of the buildings of the National Export Exposition, and the convenient arrangement of exhibitor's booths and facilities for reaching every part of all the structures, is conveyed by the fact that in the main building there is a length of main aisles of over 11,000 and a length in the cross aisles of 14,000, so that one who has walked through all the aisles of this building will have completed a journey of about five miles. In the other buildings of the Exposition there are more than four miles of aisles. Hence, to obtain even a glimpse of everything in the Exposition grounds the visitor must walk nearly ten miles. These aisles are lined with a succession of all that is best and most interesting in American manufactures. In the coustruction of the buildings there were used 3,242,000 pounds of structural steel, and this enormous mass of intricate work was erected within fifty days from the date upon which the contract was signed.

Who Loses the Pennies?

What becomes of all the pennies? A superficial answer might be that we spend them, as in truth, we do; but did you ever stop to consider the enormous quantities of the little copper coins turned out by the Philadelphia mint every year? The figures are really appalling in their magnitude. There are at present about 1,000,000,000 cents in circulation, and yet the mint is compelled to turn out 4,000,000 a month to keep up the supply.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY. } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, [SEAL] Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"You told me your heart was mine," said Blower.

"I know," replied his heiress wife, "but I said nothing about my pocketbook."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

Fruit trees are reported in blossom at Memphis.

Charles Coghlan, the actor, died in Galveston of acute gastritis.

Much damage has been done by the rapid rise of the Trinity river in Texas.

The mortality from the plague in Manchuria was reported to be 40 to 60 daily.

At Yarmouth, N. S., five important business blocks were burned, causing a loss estimated at $25,000.

Baron Paul Viotingkoff, a representative of the Russian government, is in Chicago buying horses for the czar.

It was stated at Boston that most of the New England cotton manufacturers would probably raise wages next month.

A plot to assassinate the sultan has been discovered at Constantinople, the conspirators being arrested and exiled to Yemen.

Monday, Nov. 27.

Montclair, N. J., has an epidemic of diphtheria.

Rear Admiral Schley sailed on the Chicago for his new South American post.

Thomas O'Neill, a Newark policeman, was mortally wounded by men supposed to be New York thieves.

Two freight trains on the Erie railroad at Middletown collided, causing a serious wreck. No one was killed.

It is reported that Lord Iveagh has purchased the Muckross estate, which includes the Lakes of Killarney.

The first through train from Talien Wan on the Newchwang railway, in China, left Friday with engineers for Port Arthur.

The American Brick company, with a capital of $15,000,000, expects to control the output of brick consumed in Greater New York.

An explosion of ammonia, resulting from fire, destroyed the big plant of the Passaic Beef company in Central avenue, Passaic, N. J. The loss is $50,000, covered by insurance.

Saturday, Nov. 25.

Two negroes were hung at Darlington, S. C., for criminal assault.

Wives and women relatives of striking miners rioted at Nanticoke, Pa.

The condition of Senator Hayward of Nebraska was reported very critical.

Emperor William visited the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough at Blenheim.

The city of Tucson, A. T., has accepted Andrew Carnegie's offer of money for a library building on condition a site and maintenance are provided.

Ellery P. Ingham, former United States district attorney, and Harvey K. Newitt, his law partner, were sentenced at Philadelphia to 2 years and 6 months' imprisonment for conspiracy.

Friday, Nov. 24.

Yvette Guilbert, the singer, was reported seriously ill in Paris.

News of the loss of the British ship Duntrune was cabled from Coronel, Chile.

William L. Elkins of Philadelphia has decided to establish a college for girls in that city.

To stop the desertion of farms a college of horticulture has been projected for New York city.

Alonzo J. Whiteman, former millionaire, agreed to return to Chicago to face charges of swindling a hotel.

General Wingate, with an Egyptian force, defeated a body of dervishes in the Sudan. Four hundred of the dervishes were reported killed.

The elevator of the Husted Milling and Elevating company, in Buffalo, with its contents, was totally destroyed; loss, $180,000, fully covered by insurance.

Thursday, Nov. 23.

Citizens of St. Louis sent a solid silver loving cup to Admiral Schley.

The report that the Russians had occupied Herat was reiterated in Vienna.

The czar has ordered an investigation of charges against the minister of finance.

Two dynamite bombs were found in a barn used by the Cleveland street car strikers last summer.

Austria and Hungary have settled their long standing dispute as to the division of state expenditures.

Bank robbers blew open the safe of the Exchange bank of Brooklyn, Mich., securing between $5,000 and $6,000.

A court martial of certain persons on board the transport Tartar on most serious charges was reported probable in Washington.

President Mitchell of the mine workers predicted a strike in the southern Illinois district unless the operators cease sending coal to the Gould lines.

Wednesday, Nov. 22.

A large six story building on Portland street, Boston, was burned at a loss of $50,000.

Daniel S. Kidder of Florida has been appointed consul at Algiers, Africa, vice C. T. Grellet.

Two prospectors of Battle Lake, Wy., are believed to have perished in the recent snowstorm.

The president issued a proclamation extending the benefit of the copyright act to the Netherlands.

Liquor men held a conference in Louisville to petition congress to reduce the tax on distilled spirits.

Her serene highness the Princess Marie Amelie of Leiningen, sister of the Grand Duke of Baden, died at Carlsruhe in her sixty-fifth year.

Seventy-five thousand pounds of halibut from the northern fishing grounds have been shipped from Vancouver, B. C., to Boston and New York.

Smallpox Epidemic.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky., Nov. 25.—A most serious epidemic of smallpox has broken out in several nearby counties. Dr. J. H. McCormack, secretary of the state board of health, who has just made a tour of the infected district, gave out the following statement: "In a population of 1,800 there are fully 500 cases in various stages of smallpox at Uniontown. There are many cases in the adjacent county."

Kansas Bank Looted.

BLUFF CITY, Kan., Nov. 27.—Robbers wrecked with dynamite the safe and the front end of the bank here and escaped with $1,000 in gold besides some silver and bills. This is the eighth Kansas bank to be robbed by safe crackers within three weeks.

Epworth League Secretary Resigns.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 25.—The Epworth league disturbance over the official conduct of its secretary, the Rev. Edwin A. Schell, D. D., has been suddenly terminated by his own act in tendering his resignation to the board of control.

TEA CARAVANS FROM CHINA.

The Enormous Business That Is Done on the Caravan Route Through Siberia.

The newspaper published in Tomsk, called the Siberian Latest News, gives some very curious details about the Russian tea caravans that transport thousands of tons of tea from China and distribute it in various parts of Siberia and Russia. During the first 20 days of January last 19,000 sleighs laden with tea passed through the city of Tomsk. The ordinary size of these tea caravans is from 50 to 70 sleighs, though sometimes from 200 to 300 are included in one caravan. The average load is five bales, each weighing from 70 to 120 pounds.

Five sledges are fastened together drawn by one horse, and one man attends to the detachment. To the rear sledge of each group are tied a bundle of hay and a measure of oats, so that the horses may feed during the march. This facilitates progress, for the caravan does not need to halt for the purpose of baiting the horses. As the horse in front, however, does not have anything to eat before him his place in the caravan must be changed occasionally to give him an opportunity to eat his lunch.

The caravans travel night and day. The only halts during the 24 hours are in the villages where the weary horses are exchanged for fresh animals. The drivers sleep on the sledges, while traveling, in spite of the severe cold.

POWER FROM A DISTANCE.

Southern California Has the Most Notable Electric Transmission Plant in Existence.

To-day the most notable transmission plant in existence, says Cassier's Magazine, is that of the Southern California Power company, designed to carry 10,000 horse-power at 33,000 volts over 83 miles of line from the power house to the town of Los Angeles. The Southern California power house is situated at the base of the San Bernardino mountains, on the Santa Ana river, and the power water intake is at the junction of Bear creek and the Santa Ana river, about seven miles below the famous Bear creek dam. The water in this river, like all waters in southern California, is owned by water companies, and as soon as it reaches the valley it is led off in irrigation ditches in different directions. Under these conditions, any power company using the water must not interrupt the flow, and the regulation of the water wheels, which are used, must be by deflecting nozzles. The water is carried about 2½ miles, 80 per cent. of which is through tunnels, and the rest of the canal is open masonry and wooden flumes. The elevation at the intake is 3,422 feet above sea level, and that of the power house 2,670 feet. The difference, less the grade of the canal, gives a static head of 735 feet on the wheels.

THE MAN WHO DRAWS.

This One Thinks He Has His Trials with the Rest of the World.

The woman writer is a great trial to the man illustrator of her stories. It is all very well to illustrate a story for a man. He doesn't care a rap, often, about the details of the gowns his heroines wear in the pictures if they only have the general effect that is desired and the women themselves look as pretty as his pen picture has made them. But it is not so with the woman writer, says the New York Times.

"Good gracious!" says a man who illustrated a number of stories for a popular woman writer, "I did not know but the work would send me to the insane asylum or that I should have to go as a dressmaker's apprentice before I could complete it. That woman wanted every fold of the gown to hang just so. She was particular about the tie of the bow her women wore at the neck and she would have the hair dressed in just such style. I thought I knew before that an artist's education needed to be comprehensive and included a good many things not mentioned in works of art, but it looked to me for a time as if the only thing for me was to be born again and to be born a wearer of petticoats."

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 78,465]

"I was a sufferer from female weakness. Every month regularly as the menses came, I suffered dreadful pains in uterus, ovaries were affected and had leucorrhœa. I had my children very fast and it left me very weak. A year ago I was taken with flooding and almost died. The doctor even gave me up and wonders how I ever lived.

PERIODS OF SUFFERING GIVE PLACE TO PERIODS OF JOY

"I wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's advice at Lynn, Mass., and took her medicine and began to get well. I took several bottles of the Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and can truly say that I am cured. You would hardly know me, I am feeling and looking so well. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me what I am."—MRS. J. F. STRETCH, 461 MECHANIC ST., CAMDEN, N. J.

How Mrs. Brown Was Helped.

"I must tell you that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than any doctor.

"I was troubled with irregular menstruation. Last summer I began the use of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking two bottles, I have been regular every month since. I recommend your medicine to all."—MRS. MAGGIE A. BROWN, WEST PT. PLEASANT, N. J.

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

HUMPHREYS'

WITCH HAZEL

OIL

CURES
Piles or Hemorrhoids
Fissures & Fistulas.
Burns & Scalds.
Wounds & Bruises.
Cuts & Sores.
Boils & Tumors.
Eczema & Eruptions.
Salt Rheum & Tetters.
Chapped Hands.
Fever Blisters.
Sore Lips & Nostrils.
Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and $1.00.

Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood. Cure Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. **A nerve tonic and blood builder.** Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail **50c** per box, **6** boxes for **$2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money.** Send for circular. Address,

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by Moyer Bros., druggists, Bloomsburg, Penna. 4-13-99

LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL

40 PILLS LIVERITA 10 CENTS
100 PILLS 25 CTS.

CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.

SUGAR COATED.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.

Nervita Medical Co., Chicago

5c. boxes contains 15 pills. Sold by Moyer Bros., druggists, Bloomsburg, Penna. 4-13-99

SUBSCRIBE FOR

THE COLUMBIAN

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect April 23, 1899.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 00	5 50
Cameron	6 38	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	f 6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 21	6 13
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	10 32	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 36	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 16	2 36	10 41	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	10 46	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48	.....	6 52
Briarcreek	7 38	.....	.....	f 7 00
Berwick	7 45	3 01	11 04	7 06
Beach Haven	7 53	3 07	....	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 04	3 15	...	7 25
Shickshinny	8 14	3 24	11 30	7 37
Hunlock's	8 27	3 34	.....	7 48
Nanticoke	8 35	3 42	11 45	7 56
Avondale	8 40	3 46	.....	8 01
Plymouth	8 45	3 51	11 52	8 06
Plymouth Junction	8 50	3 55	.....	8 11
Kingston	8 57	4 02	12 00	8 18
Bennett	9 00	4 06	.....	8 21
Forty Fort	9 03	4 10	.....	8 24
Wyoming	9 08	4 16	12 08	8 28
West Pittston	9 12	4 21	.....	8 32
Susquehanna Ave	9 15	4 24	12 14	8 36
Pittston	9 19	4 29	12 17	8 40
Duryea	9 23	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 26	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	9 33	4 45	....	8 57
Bellevue	9 38	4 50	....	9 02
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 35	9 07
	A.M	P.M.	P.M.	P.M

STATIONS. WEST.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON	6 30	10 05	1 55	5 40
Bellevue	6 35	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 40	10 15	2 03	5 50
Lackawanna	6 47	10 23	2 10	5 58
Duryea	6 50	10 26	2 13	6 02
Pittston	6 55	10 31	2 17	6 06
Susquehanna Ave	6 59	10 35	2 20	6 10
West Pittston	7 02	10 39	2 24	6 14
Wyoming	7 07	10 44	2 29	6 19
Forty Fort	7 11	.....	.....	.....
Bennett	7 14	10 52	2 36	6 30
Kingston	7 16	10 56	2 42	6 56
Plymouth Junction	7 22	...	2 47	.....
Plymouth	7 28	11 05	2 52	6 43
Avondale	7 31	.....	2 57	6 47
Nanticoke	7 35	11 13	3 02	6 50
Hunlock's	7 41	11 19	3 10	6 58
Shickshinny	7 51	11 30	3 24	7 10
Hick's Ferry	8 04	f11 48	3 35	f7 25
Beach Haven	8 10	11 48	3 42	7 32
Berwick	8 16	11 54	3 49	7 38
Briarcreek	8 22	.....	f3 55	....
Lime Ridge	8 30	f12 09	4 04	f7 53
Espy	8 37	12 15	4 11	8 00
Bloomsburg	8 44	12 22	4 17	8 07
Rupert	8 50	12 27	4 23	8 13
Catawissa	9 10	12 32	4 28	8 18
Danville	8 55	12 47	4 42	8 34
Caulasky	.....	.....	f4 49	...
Cameron	9 20	12 57	4 54	8 46
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	5 08	9 00
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

A. C. SALISBURY, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SOUTH. ARRIVE.				STATIONS.	NORTH LEAVE			
a m	a. m.	p m	p.m.		a m	p m	p m	a m
7.10	12.05	6.30	2.15	Bloomsbu'g.	8.47	2 40	6 45	6.10
7.08	12 00	6.26	2.10	" P. & R.	8.49	2.42	6.47	
7.03	11.57	6.24	2.08	" Main st..	8.52	2.45	6.50	
6.53	11.47	6.12	1 50	Paper Mill.	9.01	2.54	7.01	6.37
6.50	11.43	6.09	1.45	Light St.	9.05	2.59	7.05	6.50
6.40	11.33	5.59	1.30	Orangeville.	9.15	3.10	7.14	7.10
6.29	11.2	5.48	1.00	Forks	9.23	3.20	7.24	7.35
6.25	11.19	5.44	12.55	Zaner's	9.27	3.24	7.28	7.47
6.18	11.13	5.37	12.45	Stillwater	9.33	3.30	7.33	8.00
6.08	11.05	5.27	2.3	Benton	9.45	3.40	7.43	8.30
6.01	11.00	5.22	12.10	Edson's	9.47	3.44	7.47	8.40
6.02	10 58	5.20	12.05	Cole's Crk.	9.50	3.47	7.51	8.46
5.53	10.52	5.13	11.53	Laubach	9.58	3.57	8.01	9.00
5.44	10.43	5.03	11.45	Central	10.10	4.07	8.11	9.25
5.40	10.40	5.00	11.30	Jam. City	10.14	4.10	8.15	9.35
pm	a m	p m	p m	LEAVE	a m	p m	p m	a m ARRIVE

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 19, '99.

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton(D & H) lv	‡ 6 45	‡ 8 [illegible]	‡ [illegible]	‡ 4 [illegible]
Pittston " "	7 08	‡10 [illegible]	‡ [illegible] 0	4 52
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre lv	‡ 7 20	‡10 [illegible]	‡ 1 [illegible]	‡ 5 [illegible]
Plym'th Ferry "	‡ 7 38	11 12	‡ 1 33	6 08
Nanticoke "	7 46	11 19	3 25	6 18
Mocanaqua "	8 01	11 32	3 43	6 25
Wapwallopen "	8 13	11 42	3 53	6 41
Nescopeck ar	8 24	11 52	4 05	7 00
	A. M.		P. M.	P. M
Pottsville lv	‡ 6 00		12 30	‡
Hazleton "	7 08		2 00	5 50
Tomhicken "	7 25		2 18	6 10
Fern Glen "	7 32		2 27	6 17
Rock Glen "	7 38		2 34	6 24
Nescopeck ar	8 03		3 00	6 51
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck lv	‡ 8 24	‡11 52	‡ 4 05	‡ 7 01
Creasy "	8 33	12 02	4 14	7 09
Espy Ferry "	‡ 8 48	12 10	‡ 4 22	7 20
E. Bloomsburg "	8 47	12 14	4 27	7 25
		P. M.		
Catawissa ar	8 55	12 21	4 34	7 32
Catawissa lv	8 55	12 21	4 34	7 32
S. Danville "	9 14	12 38	4 53	7 51
Sunbury "	9 35	1 00	5 15	8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M.
Sunbury lv	‡ 9 42	‡ 1 10	‡ 5 45	‡ 9 25
Lewisburg ar	10 13	1 45	6 18	.....
Milton "	10 08	1 39	6 14	9 50
Williamsport "	11 00	2 30	7 10	10 40
Lock Haven "	11 59	3 40	8 07	.....
Renovo "	A. M.	4 40	9 00	.....
Keating "	.....	8 25	.....	.....
	P. M.	P. M.		
Lock Haven lv	‡12 10	‡3 45	.....	.....
Hellefonte ar	1 05	4 44	.....	.....
Tyrone "	2 15	6 00	.....	.....
Philipsburg "	4 28	9 09	.....	.....
Clearfield "	5 07	11 30	.....	.....
Pittsburg "	6 55		.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Sunbury lv	‡ 9 50	‡ 1 55	‡ 5 25	‡ 8 31
Harrisburg ar	‡11 30	‡ 3 15	6 55	‡10 10
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Philadelphia ar	‡ 3 17	‡ 6 3	‡10 20	‡ 4 25
Baltimore "	3 11	‡ 6 0	‡ 9 4	2 30
Washington "	4 10	‡ 7.15	‡10 5	4 05
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury lv	10 57	‡ 2 03	.....	.....
	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	11 40	‡ 3 50	.....	.....
Pittsburg "	‡ 6 55	‡11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg lv	‡11 45	55 45	‡ 7 20	‡10 20
			A. M.	A. M
Pittsburg ar	‡ 6 55	‡11 30	‡ 2 00	‡ 5 30

‡ Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station

	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg lv	‡ 7 10	‡ 8 30	‡ 2 50	‡ 8 00
Harrisburg ar	A. M. 1 55	A. M. 3 40	1 9	P. M. 3 10
		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg lv	.....	.....	.....	‡ 8 00
				P. M.
Lewistown Jc "	.....	† 7 30	3 43	‡ 3 40
Sunbury ar	.....	‡ 9 20	5 08	‡ 5 30
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M
Washington lv	‡10 40	.....	‡ 7 55	‡10 50
Baltimore "	‡11 55	‡ 4 55	‡ 8 55	‡12 00
Philadelphia "	‡11 20	‡ 4 30	‡ 8 40	‡12 22
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg lv	‡ 3 35	‡ 7 55	‡11 40	‡ 4 00
Sunbury ar	‡ 5 05	‡ 9 36	1 10	‡ 5 40
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M
Pittsburg lv	‡12 45	.....	‡ 2 30	‡ 8 00
Clearfield "	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Philipsburg "	4 56	.....	.....	10 12
Tyrone "	7 15	.....	‡ 8 10	12 30
Bellefonte "	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
Lock Haven ar	9 30	.....	10 30	2 43
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Erie lv	‡ 4 30	.....	.....	.....
Kane "	7 55	.....	‡ 6 00	.....
Renovo "	11 10	‡ 6 40	10 30	.....
Lock Haven "	12 00	‡ 7 33	11 25	‡ 3 00
	A. M.		P. M.	
Williamsport "	1 05	‡ 8 30	‡12 40	4 00
Milton "	1 56	9 19	1 27	4 52
Lewisburg "	.....	9 05	1 15	4 47
Sunbury ar	2 27	9 46	1 55	5 20
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Sunbury lv	56 55	1 9 55	‡ 2 00	‡ 5 48
S. Danville "	7 18	10 17	2 21	6 09
Catawissa "	7 36	10 35	2 37	6 27
E. Bloomsburg "	7 42	10 43	2 43	‡ 6 32
Espy Ferry "	7 46	‡10 47		f 6 36
Creasy "	7 56	10 56	2 55	6 46
Nescopeck ar	8 06	11 06	3 05	6 55
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck lv	‡11 55		4 10	‡ 7 05
Catawissa "	7 38			
Rock Glen "	8 26	12 21	4 36	7 31
Fern Glen "	8 33	12 27	4 42	7 37
Tomhicken "	8 42	12 35	4 51	7 45
Hazleton "	9 02	12 55	5 10	8 05
Pottsville "	11 30	2 08	6 30	9 55
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck lv	† 8 06	‡11 06	† 3 05	† 6 55
Wapwallopen ar	8 18	11 20	3 16	7 09
Mocanaqua "	8 28	11 32	3 25	7 21
Nanticoke "	8 48	11 54	3 46	7 42
		P. M		
Plym'th Ferry "	f 8 57	12 02		7 52
Wilkesbarre "	9 05	12 10	‡ 05	8 00
	A. M	P. M	P. M.	P. M
Pittston(D & H) ar	‡ 9 39	‡12 49	† 4 52	† 8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 18	5 20	9 05

Additional train will leave Hazleton 5.15 p.m. Rock Glen, 5.50 p. m., arriving at Catawissa 6.25 p. m.

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run o through trains between Sunbury, Williamspor and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphi and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pitts burg and the west.

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In effect July 1, 1898.

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For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.30 a. m., 3.40 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.30 a. m. 3.40.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.30, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.30, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.35, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.35 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41 8 23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m., 4.30 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9.10 a. m 1.30 3.40, 6.08

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.28, 9.18 11.4 a. m., 1.28 3 10, 6.20.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

In effect Nov. 1, 1899.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

For Atlantic City—Weekdays.—Express, 9.00, 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.30 p. m. Sundays—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave Atlantic City Depot: Weekdays—Express, 7.35, 9.05, 10.30 a. m., 3.30, 5.30 p. m. Accommodation, 8.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays—Express, 4.30, 7.30 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m.

For Cape May, Ocean City and Sea Isle City: Weekdays—9.00 a. m., 4.10p. m. Sundays—Chestnut St., 9.15, South St. 9.00 a. m

Additional for Cape May—Weekdays 5.30 p.m. Parlor cars on all express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

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THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1899.

The Samoan Islands.

If the Samoan question has been settled in a satisfactory way, as the Associated Press asserts, it will be good news. The difficulties that have grown out of the tripartite arrangement, under which the Islands have been controlled for twenty years, make some different agreement very desirable. The Islands are of more importance to the United States than they are to England or Germany. When the canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific has been constructed, as will be the case in time, the Samoan Islands will be directly in the line of steamships passing through the canal to Australia and Asia. For a coaling station they are of the utmost importance to this country, European nations having taken possession of all the other islands of any value in the Pacific, excepting the Hawaiian group.

Germany has been very tenacious of her "claims" in the group. Great Britain has not been equally anxious about her hold on the islands until of recent date. But Austria and other British possessions in the Pacific are opposed to Great Britian relinquishing her claims on the Samoan group. Under the circumstances there is a probability that Germany may, if she has not already done so, dispose of her claim on the Islands of Great Britain, and take some territory elsewhere in compensation. In that event a division of the islands between the United States and Great Britain may take place. This country has treaty rights in Pago Pago harbor, in the island of Tutuila, and it is understood that a proposition has been made to give the United States that island, the others to go to England and Germany to be disposed of between them subject to our sanction.

Turuila is a small island, less than one twentieth the aggregate size of the other islands. But it has the only really safe harbor in that part of the Pacific, and that is what this country is most in need of. We ought to have the Island of Manua and other territory to give us one-third of the group. But if our Government consents to take the island of Tutuila, with its harbor, there would probably be no great regret in the United States.

The inhabitants of the island are of one race, but their government has been of a very loose character. They have a king, but he has little power. The kingship is comparitively recent origin, and it has been the source of great trouble in the islands. The permanent abolition of it seems probable in any case. It is probable that a fair division of the islands would be better for all concerned than the continuance of such a government as has existed heretofore on the islands.

The Origin of Thanksgiving.

The origin of Thanksgiving Day is lost in the mists of antiquity. Probably the Aztecs and Zunis indulge in their yearly rejoicings over abundant crops and other blessings showered upon them by the gods, on the same spot as we are doing at the present time, exactly as the Greeks and prehistoric nations of Europe and Asia probably did on the other side of the water centuries ago.

Such a religious nation as the Jews of course had its appropriate sacrifices and services for the occasion, as Holy Writ informs us, which were strictly performed as was usual with that singularly devout people. But long before monotheism had superceded or come into rivalry with polytheism, thanksgiving days had been established as regular festivals in the callenders of the early civilizations.

At the time the Iliad was written the two principal festivals of Greece were those of the harvest aud the vintage, respectively. Rome itself was founded amid pastoral festivities of a thanksgiving nature in honor of the god Pales, and the feast of Cerealia was long one of her principal festivals.

The ancient Persians seem to have been the only nation among the early civilizations which had absolutely no thanksgiving festival, a circumstance which was probably due to the fact that they had no temple and did not worship in common. They worshiped the sun only and preferred to do so in a solitary manner, disliking to attend large religious gatherings.

But the Egyptians, Assyrians, Babylonians and Phrygians and their predecessors all had their feasts and fasts and the inevitable thanksgiving was sure to be among them.

Thanksgiving Day in Early Colonial Times.

As an American institution Thanksgiving Day commenced with the gathering of their first crops by the Pilgrim fathers, in what was then the New England wilderness, and the day has always remained the principal holiday with us, sturdy pioneers having carried the good custom along with them into every State of the Union.

With the gathering of the crops of the year 1623, the second harvest after their arrival, the day gained especial significance from the fact that a long period of drought had threatened the colonists with famine, which was fortunately averted just as if in response to their prayers, by the coming of rain, and the custom of holding a thanksgiving annually after harvest was thereafter most solemnly observed.

The American Thanksgiving Day is really, therefore, of Puritan origin, and on that account, perhaps, has always held its own as a great national holiday, more strongly in the Eastern States, if possible, than anywhere, the subsequent feast of Christmas never having been regarded as of equal importance.

The pivotal point which that Thanksgiving Day celebrated two hundred and seventy-six years ago occupies to one of our great national institutions, therefore, makes the details of that event of the very highest interest to all Americans.

It was William Bradford, the first Governor of the New England colonies, who had the honor of initiating the custom now followed by our Presidents by issuing the first Thanksgiving proclamation.

Looking back across almost three centuries to that time when those stout-hearted wanderers, who were then unaware of what a Canaan they had found, and who had been fearing the worst on account of the adverse weather, stood rejoicing over their sudden deliverance from famine, one cannot fail to be touched by the pathos of their situation and thrilled with the gladness which caused them to offer up their praise and thanks for the mercy vouchsafed by Providence.

There has probably never been a Thanksgiving Day celebrated since when the feeling of thankfulness was so heartily and gratefully expressed.

The period of one day was absolutely inadequate for the rendering of all the thanks which the worthy Pilgrims felt it their duty to offer, so they made a good half week of it, beginning on Thursday morning and bringing it to a close before the dawn of the next Sabbath.

Honored guests at the celebration were the Indian chief, Massasoit, and ninety of his leading warriors.

The issuing of the proclamation by Governor Bradford had stirred up the hunters of the colony to make what preparations they could for the feast by ransacking the forest for all the game which could be found, and the bags secured by them were such as would arouse the envy of many a modern Nimrod. There were wild turkeys in abundance, together with ducks and various kinds of game, with which the primeval forest abounded. Massasoit and his warriors brought in a plentiful supply of oysters to swell the feast. The bill of fare which resulted from the united effort of the hunters and the good Puritan house wives, was one with which any but the most exacting epicure might have been satisfied. The entrees consisted of oysters, venison pasties, savory meat stews, broiled fish, clam chowder, flour dumplings and roasts of all kinds. This was followed by the piece de resistance, which has ever thereafter remained the principal feature of the Thanksgiving dinner—roast turkey—with which the cooks served a dressing of beech nuts, and numerous vegetables and salads. Cakes and plum porridge lent the finishing touches to the course, and it may be safely assumed that there was no one who left the first Thanksgiving dinner table hungry.

The biggest banquet of all was given on Saturday to wind up the celebration, and as the weather was extremely mild the tables were set out in the forest and an al fresco feast enjoyed which furnished the Indian guests with an exalted idea of the gastronomic accomplishments of their new friends. The celebration was wound up, as it was commenced, with a service of praise and prayer which also greatly impressed the Indian visitors.

By a recent government decision, all life insurance companies doing business in the state, are under the war revenue act, liable to taxation, with the exception of such policies as are used by fraternal societies or orders, farmers' purely local co operative companies or associations and employes relief associations operated on the lodge system or co-operative plan. The companies exempt from the tax must not be conducted for profit. Mutual life insurance companies must pay the tax since that it cannot be held that it is a fraternal society or order, although fraternal societies or orders may be mutual.

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WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Nov. 27, 1899.

Senator Jones, of Ark., Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, has returned to Washington for the session of Congress. He has entirely recovered his health; says he never felt better, and that, like the democratic party, he is full of fight. He believes, and with good reasons for his belief, that the democratic party is today in better condition for the Presidential campaign than the republican party is, and that its condition is more likely to improve between now and the opening of the campaign than is that of the republican party; and he says further that his belief is fully shared by every man who attended the recent democratic conference at Chicago. He looks confidently for democratic assistance from the legislation of this Congress, republican in both branches: the Shylocks of the last Presidential campaign are already demanding their pound of flesh, with no shrewd Portia in sight to show Mr. McKinley how to meet the demand in such a way that they will be made to follow the example of Shakespeare's Shylock. It looks now as though they would get the pound of flesh and with it the life of the republican party.

* * *

There is reason to believe that Senator Deboe, of Ky., was in Washington this week for the purpose of enlisting administration support for a scheme by which a combination of republicans and gold democrats in the Kentucky legislature hope to confirm Taylor's election to be governor and to re-elect Senator Lindsay, and that he succeeded in getting Mr. McKinley to promise to use the whole influence of the Federal administration to help along the scheme.

* * *

Vice President Hobart was one of the rare men who could be a strong partisan in politics without forfeiting the personal esteem of his opponents. That is why democratic Senators sorrow quite as deeply over his death as do their republican colleagues or the members of the administration of which Mr. Hobart was an important part—a much more important part than is generally known—and why many democrats went with the large party of officials from Washington to Paterson, N. J., to attend the funeral, Saturday. Senator Frye, of Me., who was elected president protempore of the Senate early in the last Congress will preside over the Senate at the coming session, the only difference made by the death of Mr. Hobart being that Senator Frye will draw $3,000 a year more salary and will have the use of the Vice President's room in the Capitol. It will not change his title, and the Vice Presidency will remain vacant until after the next national election, there being no law providing for filling a vacany in that office.

* * *

Mr. Henderson says he will announce the House committees before the holiday recess. If he does, and there is no good reason why he shouldn't, since he has known for months that he would be Speaker, and knows all of the old members personally, the House should get down to business much earlier than it usually does at the opening of a new Congress. There is some talk among republicans of making the chairman of the House Committee on Banking and Currency their floor leader, instead of the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

* * *

Ex Speaker Reed's reference to the vote in Ohio, in a speech made at the annual banquet of the New York Chamber of Commerce, has been much talked about in Washington, and is calculated to make those republicans who have been disposed to regard Mr. McKinley's reelection as a matter of course, do some hard thinking. Mr. Reed said: "The republican candidate had but 49,00 plurality (McKinley's majority in the state in '96 was 40,000), while a third candidate had 106,000 votes. In the old days when a majority over all was required, there would have been no election".

* * *

Mr. John R. McLean, who was democratic candidate for governor of Ohio, and who is Admiral Dewey's brother-in-law, believes that the fierce adverse criticism of Admiral Dewey, already shown to have been without just cause, for deeding the house recently given him to Mrs. Dewey in order that she might share in the pleasure of giving the house to George Goodwin Dewey, the Admiral's only child, an act which she has already performed—was the result of concerted action on the part of certain republican politicians, who have determined to take advantage of every opening in their effort to break down Admiral Dewey's popularity so as to remove him from his list of Presidential possibilities. Mr. McLean, who is not given to making assertions without having substantial reasons therefore, said in an authorized interview: "The criticisms against Admiral Dewey have been inspired by certain persons, who, for well understood reasons, have little love for the Admiral. It is an insidious attack upon a representative American by hidden political foes. I believe that the fight which has started so insidiously will soon become open, and I have no doubt that the American people, who always love fairplay, will resent these unjust and injurious attacks upon Admiral Dewey's character in a way that will not be soon forgotten by the men responsible for the criticisms".

Try the COLUMBIAN a year.

TOWNSEND'S
STARCLOTHINCHOUSE
THANKSGIVING BARGAINS.

Good Underwear 50c. the Suit.

YOU CAN BUY FOR

$5.00

Sweet, Orr's Trousers, $1.00.

A Good Suit, * *
A Good Overcoat,

Good Winter Caps 25c.

—AT—
TOWNSEND'S
Star Clothing House.

Latest in Hats, $1.00. $1.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

They Ring True.

We planned for some very exceptional value giving during the next few days. Bargains? Yes, bargains, and bargains that you'll appreciate, too. By the way, that word "bargain" is often misused, and oftener, badly abused. It has been made to stand for many a humbug, many a sham—not here, though. It possesses a sense and dignity when used in our store news columns. Here it will always be given its broadest, most liberal meaning. Hence, when we say these bargains "Ring True," you can depend upon the statement.

Famous Jacket Offerings.

We have taken (3) small lots of ladies' and misses' jackets. It was all they had of them, so we bought them away down.

Black Kersey Jacket, all wool, trimmed throughout with silk, trimmed with cloth and stitching, and the lapels trimmed wite silk, would be cheap at $12 00. Our price, $7 50.

A lot of misses jackets we sold at $5 00 reduced to $4 00.

More About Dress Goods.

Yes, and again more, if we had space to print it. We cannot too strongly emphasize this fall and winter dress goods equipment.

The storm serges, in all colors, 42 ins. wide, sponged ready to cut into, at 50c.

Cheviots, 50 ins. wide, in all colors, at 80c.

Camelshair goods, 56 ins. wide, at $1 00.

Blue Calico.

A lot of the best blue calico we can buy, at 5c per yard.

Thanksgiving Table Damasks.

Lots of lookahead housekeepers will be glad of this chance to buy a table cloth or two from these lots. It is a clean case of money saving:

The kind we can sell you at 25c.

The kind we can sell you at 75c.

Washing Machines.

A lot of washing machines. We will sell them to you with the understanding if they don't give satisfaction we will take them back. Price, $2 98.

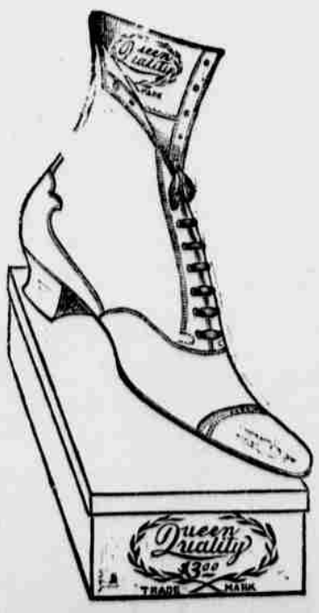
The Victor machine—you all know what it is—price, $4 75 for a short time. Regular price, $8 00.

Groceries.

We don't claim our groceries are cheaper than any other's, but we do think that there is not another store in town has as good or fresh and clean a lot as we can give you. If you want the best pears you ever ate, try our 2 cans for 25c.

Hamburg string beans are yellow in color and as nice as new beans. 2 cans for 25c. Tomatoes, 3 cans for 25c. These are the Sunbeam goods—you well know the brand. Corn, we can give you at all prices. The best corn is 2 cans for 25c. New dried fruits of all kinds. Prunes, raisins, currants, citron, orange and lemon peal, to make good mince meat, or we can sell you good mince meat, ready to make your pies.

F. P. Pursel



Queen Quality
SHOES
For Women
-$3.00.-
Style, Fit, Wear.
None Better.

W. C. McKINNEY,
No. 8 East Main St.

UNUSUAL VALUES!

In black serges, whip cords, brilliantines, &c., just received.

Have you seen the stylish Ladies' and Gent's

Fine Shoes at $2.50, worth $3.00?

We have to offer you great bargains in Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Tailor-Made Suits, Collarettes, Golf Capes, Plush Capes, &c.

We have many new bargains to offer you since our visit to the city last week. It will always pay you to give us a call.

Fresh Groceries received almost daily.

Bloomsburg Store Co., Limited.

Corner Main and Centre. ALFRED McHENRY, Manager

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1899.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

A GREAT OFFER.

Farm Journal From Now to Dec., 1903, Nearly Five Years.

By special arrangement, made with the publishers of the *Farm Journal*, we are enabled to offer that paper to every subscriber who pays for THE COLUMBIAN one year ahead, for only $1.00, both papers for the price of ours only; our paper one year and the *Farm Journal* from now to December, 1903, nearly 5 years. The *Farm Journal* is an old established paper, enjoying great popularity, one of the best and most useful farm papers published.

☞ This offer should be accepted without delay.

Wanted!

We want 500 new subscribers to the COLUMBIAN this fall, and as a special inducement will include the *Farm Journal* from now until Jan 1, 1904 *free*.

Or the New York Thrice a week *World* for three months *free*.

Or the COLUMBIAN and *World* one year for $1.50. tf

PURELY PERSONAL

John Kenyon spent Sunday with friends at Sunbury.

I. Lee Harman made a business trip to Scranton on Tuesday.

Mrs. L. S. Wintersteen, of New York, is visiting friends here.

J. Lee Martin and wife have moved from Cortland, New York, to Scranton.

John Davenport, of Scranton, spent a few days with friends in town last week.

Miss Sallie Yohe has accepted a position with Gomer Thomas, at his music store.

William Reice of Philadelphia, is home spending a week's vacation with his parents.

Harry Little is home from Bucknell University to spend Thanksgiving with his parents.

Hon. Simon P. Wolverton, Esq., of Sunbury, transacted legal business in town on Monday.

G. Canning, collector for Collier's Publishing House, Philadelphia, was in town on Tuesday.

J. Simpson Kline, Esq., of Sunbury, was noticed shaking hands with friends in town on Sunday.

J. M. Clark, Esq., returned home on Saturday from Philadelphia, after an absence of several days.

Chas. Eyer, one of Orange townships progressive farmers, was a visitor to our office on Saturday.

Charles Taylor, son of Wm. Taylor, is home from Scranton Business College to spend Thanksgiving.

Miss Lilla Sloan departed on Friday for Philadelphia where she will spend a few months with friends.

Mrs. J. S. Woods and Mrs. Roland J. Ikeler, spent Saturday with relatives and friends at Orangeville.

Miss Grace McAnall, one of Berwick's popular young ladies is spending this week with Miss Mabel Peacock.

Miss Rose McPherson last week resigned her position at Thomas' music store, to accept a similar one with Flinn & Phillips, the new music dealers.

Charles A. Thomas went to Taylor, Lackawanna county, last week, where he has accepted a position with the D. L. & W. R. R. as night operator.

Miss Edith Ale sang solos at St, Paul's church during the offertory, last Sunday at both morning and evening services. She has a very sweet contralto voice and sings with much expression. Miss Ale has been spending the past six weeks with relatives here, and will return to her home in Indiana on Friday. She has made many warm friends who will regret her departure, and who will be glad to welcome her soon again.

"Seeing is believing." You can see what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for others, and must believe it will do the same for you.

OH, MY CORN!

—o—

How often you hear that expression of pain!

To all who suffer thus, I say, without fear of contradiction, that

RISHTON'S
RUSSIAN CORN CURE

absolutely removes the corn every time, without pain. I will refund the money in every case that it fails. Also

REMOVES WARTS.

—o—

W. S. Rishton, Ph. G.,
Ent Building. Pharmacist
Telephone—492.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Our puzzle department is omitted this week.

Our merchants are getting their stock arranged for the holiday boom.

The regular December term of Court will begin on Monday, December 4th.

A two-horse wagon load of nice big turkeys found a ready sale at 10 cents a pound on our streets Monday.

An Xmas gift selected from J. E. Roys' store is the most beautiful, the most lasting and the most acceptable.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. John Andes, of Buck Horn, died on Thursday last and was buried on Saturday.

Voting machines in Pennsylvania? Not much. We've got one now, and the voters are trying to get rid of it.

The post office was closed from 2 to 4 o'clock p. m. on Saturday on account of the funeral of Vice President Hobart.

We go to press on Wednesday this week so that all hands in the office can have time to enjoy their Thanksgiving dinners.

Ask to see the new style of visiting card at this office. Can't be told from an engraved card, and costs less than half as much. tf

Geo. Anderson advertises confectionery in this paper. Read his announcement from week to week, and see what he has to say.

A large line of open stock Chinaware at L. E. Whary's. Purchasers can select as many pieces as they wish. Four different designs.

J. E. Roys has received a large line of solid, genuine Ebony toilet articles. The prices are remarkably low for the quality and beauty of these goods.

It is rumored that the Choral Society of the Y. M. C. A. is contemplating rendering the Cantatta, "David the Shepherd Boy," in the near future.

We have just received an extensive line of 1900 calendars for which we will take orders and print at reasonable prices. Call in and see samples.

Thanksgiving services will be held at St. Paul's Church to-day at half-past ten o'clock. The offertory anthem will be "Make a Joyful Noise," by C. Simper.

Beautiful is a good word to describe the kind of weather we have been having of late. If farmers cannot get their work in shape this fall, they can never do so.

Robert S. Mercur, of Centralia, has been advanced by Governor Stone, from second to first lieutenant with the position of batallion adjutant in the 9th regiment.

Teachers, in attendance at the Institute, this week, will do well to visit L. E. Whary's China Bazaar. Words are inadequate to describe the beauty of his stock.

William H. Gilmore has opened a toy store in the building on the corner of Market street, recently occupied as a fruit stand. He has a large stock of toys, dolls, etc.

The Montour and Columbia Telephone Company held a meeting at Sunbury on Friday, at which time the capital stock of the company was increased from $25,000 to $50,000.

Everybody is invited to a hot supper to be served by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Presbyterian church in the new home of the Y. M. C. A. on Market street, next Tuesday evening, December 5th.

A Union Cottage Prayer Meeting will be held Friday evening, December 1, at 7:30 o'clock, at the residence of Lafayette Creasy, on East Fifth St. Please come and bring a friend.

Clergymen are interested in the fact that under a new ruling of the general passenger agents' association, a new style of certificate is to be prepared for them. It will cost $1 and will entitle them to half rate fares over 57 railroads of the United States.

L. E. Whary's stock of dinner sets and fancy dishes is equal to that of any city, and his prices, considering the quality, are low. A large line of beautiful souvenirs.

The Till family gave good satisfaction to a large audience in the Presbyterian church Thursday evening. The music produced from the rocks, and various other contrivances was pleasing to the ear, and the recitations and vocal solos were loudly applauded.

The Sheriff sold two properties at the Court House Saturday afternoon. The Wesley Ruckle property in Espy was purchased by J. B. Robison, for $35, and the M. C. Woodward paoperty on East street was sold for $1960, William Chrisman, Esq., being the buyer.

Miss Carrie Treon, a student at the Normal School. while engaged in gymnastic exercises one day last week sprained her ankle. The injury was quite serious and the young lady went to her home at Mt. Carmel. Her complete recovery will require several weeks.

H. Mont. Smith's business card appears among the professional cards on the seventh page. He is well fitted for the legal profession, being a college graduate and a graduate of Ann Arbor law school. His office is in the Wirt building, over Alexander Bros. & Co.

It required seventeen men to catch two calves on the farm of Jasper Poust, in Orange township, one day last week. They were placed in a piece fenced in woodland early in the summer, and the continued separation from the other stock has caused them to become wild.

For books of all kinds, for drugs of all kinds, for brushes of all kinds, for pocket books of many kinds, for tablets of many kinds, for perfumery of many kinds, for wall paper, for syringes of all kinds, for lamps of all kinds, for any thing that ought to be kept in a first-class drug store go to Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

"Other People's Money," with Hennessy Leroyle in the title role, was presented to a good-sized audience in the Opera House Tuesday night. He was ably supported by the other members of the company. The performance was unquestionably the best seen at our play house this season, and the fact was thoroughly appreciated, as the loud and continued applause evinced.

James Goss is the possessor of a unique souvenir in the shape of a pocket knife made from a Maxim Cartridge. It was presented to him by Mr. Maxim, a few years before Mr. Goss came to this country. The gun factory, where the cartridge was manufactured, is one of the largest in the world, and employs, or did, when Mr. Goss was a resident of England, about seven hundred men.

The beautiful comedy drama entitled "Millie the Quadroon" or "Out of Bondage", will be presented in Academy Hall Orangeville, Saturday evening, December 9th. The cast of characters is composed of Orangeville's best material, and we feel safe in predicting an enjoyable evening to all who attend. The piece is in five acts, interspersed with music.

On account of other business which prevented them from attending the meeting of the Board of Pardons, Attorneys Clements and Oram have been granted a continuance in their application for a pardon for their client, Edward Cressinger, the slayer of Daisy Smith. Cressinger was sentenced to be hung on the 5th of December. The Board of Pardons will meet again on December 15th.

The Columbia county teachers are here in full force this week, attending the Annual Institute. The sessions are all being held in the Normal Editorium. Institute week is regarded by the teachers as the most pleasant of the school year. It is a brief vacation from the arduous duties of the school room, and a time at which they are given instruction that is of infinite value to them in the performance of their duties.

The breaking of an axle caused a wreck on the Pennsylvania Railroad a short distance above the East Bloomsburg station Sunday morning. The train was disintegrated, and five cars, three filled with coal, one of machinery and one of cement were totally demolished, causing a loss of several thousand dollars. The wreck train was hurried to the scene, and a force of men were put to work to clear away the debris, but it was several hours before the track was made passable. Hundreds of people visited the scene in the afternoon.

L. E. Whary is showing a large and beautiful line of French and German Chinaware.

A miniature trolley track and car in J. Wesley Moyer's show window attracts the attention of nearly everybody who passes his store. The car is sent around the track at a lively gait by means of an electric battery.

The marriage of Miss Nell Monroe to Mr. E. L. Williams, of Brooklyn, will take place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Monroe, at Rupert, to-day. A number of the bride's friends in this town will attend.

The pool and billiard room, at George Enterline's Hotel, was reopened Wednesday evening. The tables have all been re-cushioned and placed in first-class condition. The floor has been covered with new matting, and presents a very inviting appearance. For those who enjoy a social game of billiards or pool, this is an ideal place.

Ben. H. Vannatta resigned his position as pen maker at the Paul E. Wirt pen factory on Thursday, to accept the management of a store for his brother-in-law, James W. Lewis, at Ganister, Blair county. He has been in the employ of Mr. Wirt for a number of years. The vacancy at the factory has been filled by Frank Rupert.

John Reeser died at the Poor House Sunday afternoon at the age of seventy-nine years. He was well known on account of his long residence in this town. He was an inmate of the above institution for about one year, having been, up to that time, taken care of by his daughter, Miss Annie Reeser, of Wilkes-Barre, the only immediate surviving member of the family. The deceased was for many years an employee at the Neal furnace.

It may seem strange, but it is a fact, that we can send you the *Farm Journal* for the balance of 1899 and all of 1900, 1901, 1202 and 1903, over four years, if you will pay all you owe for the COLUMBIAN and one year ahead, both papers for just the price of ours; also this offer is made to all new advance-paying subscribers. Whether you can reap the advantages of this surprising offer depends on how soon you come forward with the cash.

On Saturday morning last Dr. J. J. Brown of Bloomsburg, assisted by Drs. S. Y. Thompson and Cameron Shultz, removed a cataract from the left eye of Mr. H. A. Kneibler. The result of the operation will be awaited with some interest, as the same eye was operated upon on May last by Drs. Brown and Thompson for glaucoma. This dread disease, which last year entirely destroyed the sight of Mr. Kneibler's right eye and seriously impaired the sight of the left one, was apparently checked by that operation.—Danville *News*.

George Jacoby, a well and favorably known resident of Lightstreet, died at his home in that place on Monday evening from a complication of ailments, chief among which was probably old age. His journey through life had extended seven years over the allotted three score and ten, and his death was not unexpected. Besides a wife, who is also pretty well advanced in age, he is survived by the following children: Mrs. Isaiah Musselman, who lives a short distance above this town, Mrs. Melinda Thomas, of Hemlock township, Mrs. Catharine Bellis, living at home, Abraham, of Missouri, and William, of Scranton.

The entertainment given in the Normal Auditorium on Monday night before the Teachers' Institute by the International Operatic Company was attended by a large and refined audience. The performance was of a character but seldom seen outside of the cities, and was enjoyed by many who had never seen an opera, because of its novelty. As to the singers they had highly cultivated voices and immense lung power. They are accustomed to sing in large theaters, and they made no allowance for the size of the auditorium. A few numbers in English in the concert part would have been much more highly appreciated by a large majority of the audience. One member of the company informed us that this was the first time that they have sung at an Institute, most of their engagements being in the cities, and this fact accounts for the selections on the program. It was a very pleasant entertainment and Supt. Miller made no mistake in engaging this company.

Any subscribers who desire some canna bulbs, and will send us their names and addresses now, can get the bulbs in the spring, as they are safely housed for the wiuter. tf.

COAT SELLING? YES.

Our lines of garments was never more complete than now, nor as low in price for good quality. Styles right in every way. We are showing the new 6-button Dip Front Coat all lined with handsome Taffeta Silk, Fly Front Coats, Golf Cafes, Plush Capes, Children's Coats, &c.

A Wool Kersey Coat, all lined, nicely stitched, at $10.00.

Three special Kersey Coats, all lined coat sleeves, stitched edges, at $7.00, 8.50, 9.00.

Misses' Kersey Jackets, fine cloth, at $5.

Children's Short Coats, from $2.00 up.

Golf Capes, from $7.00 upwards.

Underwear.

Ladies' combination ribbed suits, heavy fleeced, at 48c.

Ladies' ribbed vests and pants, pearl buttons, French neck, fleecy lined, crochet edges, at 25c.

Try our B. E. J. vest and pants, heavy fleeced, at 50c.

Children's vests, from 5c. up.

Dress Goods.

A good, black crepon, 42 ins. wide, nice patterns, at $1.00 yd.

52 in. all wool suitings, 50c. yard.

50 inch all wool pebble cloth, 75c. yard.

38 in. wove polka dot cloth, 25c. yard.

45 in. all wool serges, at 65c. yard.

Cloakings.

We show a line of cloakings, in black, colors and plaids, for making coats, golf capes and jackets.

Children's Caps.

A full, new line of caps toques, &c., from 25c. upwards

Petticoats.

Ladies' black satine skirts, $1

A very handsome skirt, made of mercerized Italian cloth, in black and colors, looks like silk at $3.00.

Ribbed skirts, fleecy lined, at 23c and 50c.

Linens.

We are showing a complete line of table linens, napkins towels and table cloths, and napkins to match.

A heavy damask, all pure linen, extra wide, at 50c. a yard. The best 75c. and $1.00 bleached table linen shown. Napkins from $1.00 dozen up. Towels all prices.

CLARK & SON.

IN SHOE BUYING

Get the correct shape for your particular type of feet.

"QUEEN QUALITY" SHOES are made in special shapes to fit the several types of feet. The price is not the only thing that has made "QUEEN QUALITY" famous.

Also a complete line of the famous CURTIS SHOE for men.

F. D. DENTLER

The Fall Bridesmaid

Will have no difficulty in making a selection for a gift from our fine stock of beautiful goods. From trinkets to silverware is a long step, for there are so many things between, costing very little and costing a good deal. We want our stock well known; it will meet every want. The new rings, settings, bracelets and brooches, are all here.

Sterling Silver Top Scent Bottles,
ONLY 25 CENTS EACH.

GEO. W. HESS,
OPTICIAN AND JEWELER,
6 E. Main St. Bloomsburg, Pa.

Critical Judgment

finds no flaw in our Photographs. Let your friends decide—we know their opinion will be complimentary to our work.

Skill, taste, experience, with the best of modern appliances and equipment—all these we employ to make your picture perfectly satisfactory.

We are showing several new styles of work in both the platinotype and carbonette finish that are exclusive with us in Bloomsburg.

BE UP TO DATE.

—o—

—THE—

PHILLIPS STUDIO,
MAIN STREET.
Opposite Episcopal Rectory. 11-24

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Dec. 12, 1899. Persons calling for these letters will please say "that they were advertised Nov. 30, 1899":

Mr. Harry Broat, Miss Eva Conner, Miss Mary Curns, W. H. Gerson, Mrs. William Hess, Lewis E. Wright.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

O. B. MELLICK, P. M.

HEAT FROM THE SUN.

HOW LITTLE OF IT WE GET IS ALMOST BEYOND BELIEF.

Scarcely One Sunbeam In Two Thousand Millions Alights Upon This Earth—A Pen Picture of the Actual Condition of the Fiery Orb.

The sun is for the most part simply wasting his heat—flinging away the golden rays that are the life of the world with a recklessness beside which all human waste is mere parsimony. It is almost beyond belief. Scarcely one sunbeam in 2,000,000,000 alights upon the earth, and allowing for the whole solar system not more than one in 100,000,000 ever hits anything, so far as we can ascertain.

Sir Robert Ball's comment on this waste of the sun's heat is: Suppose a man with an income of $1,000,000 a year. He spends for useful purposes 1 cent and throws the rest away. His wastefulness is no greater than that which this old prodigal the sun has practiced for untold ages.

The untold amount of heat which thus leaks away through the cracks in the sky cannot be expressed by figures. It is only by considering what it might do that we can get any conception of it. This is probably the most striking illustration, and is given by an eminent astronomer:

Suppose a solid shaft of ice two miles square to be extended like a bridge across the gulf which separates the earth from the sun. If a track were laid on its surface an express train running at full speed would require more than 150 years to traverse it. Yet, if the whole heat of the sun were turned upon it for a single second it would be melted, and in a few seconds more all, even to the railroad iron, would drift away as vapor.

But what is the source of this heat that flows into space as the gulf stream pours into the Atlantic, warming the earth and other planets like little islands in its course? What keeps up the supply?

If the sun were merely a white hot ball, gradually cooling, our grandchildren would indeed get a chill; or, rather, neither they nor we would ever have seen the sun. The final frost would have fallen long ago.

Nor can the heat be maintained by fire, as we understand the word—such fire as warms and now and then consumes our houses. If it were a globe of flaming coal it could have lasted but a few thousand years; it would have been burned to ashes long before we were born. All the coal on the earth would hardly keep the sun going for one-tenth of a second.

A falling meteor gives out great heat, just as a bullet is heated when it strikes the target. Some have conjectured that a vast stream of these little hailstones raining upon the sun supplies its fuel. But if the whole mass of the moon were put into a stone crusher, broken up and thrown against the sun, it would barely furnish heat for a single year. And no such weight could possibly approach the sun without our knowledge.

Yet, in its own chosen way, the sun really has its fires. With proper instruments we may see the red flames spouting from its edge, sometimes to a height of 400,000 miles—higher than the moon floats above the earth. To some of them our world would be no more than a water drop falling from a fountain.

To gain any idea of the almost inexhaustible reservoir from which the sun draws its heat we must first picture its actual condition. Matter there is in a state unlike anything ever seen upon earth. It is neither solid nor liquid nor in any familiar sense gaseous. The sun is a boiling, seething, flaming mixture of the gases or vapors of all the elements condensed by the tremendous squeeze of solar gravity until it is thicker than pitch, and so hot that its vaporized iron might be used for steam power if there were any boiler fit to hold it. It has no definite surface, but shades away from this incandescent paste, through leaping flames of blood red hydrogen to the faint streamers of the corona, as filmy as a comet's tail.

This writhing mass, heavier on the average than water and yet as unstable as air, does not even rotate like other orbs, but swirls around its axis.

In the terrific tension of these gases is stored up the energy of the sun. As this escapes in gushes of heat they do not cool, but slowly contract. It is quite possible that they even grow hotter as they thus settle downward and compress themselves into a denser fluid.

A total shrinkage of 220 feet a year will account for the whole expenditure, and so small a change in the size of the disk could not be detected until it had been watched for thousands of years. This will go on until the substance of the sun ceases to be essentially gaseous. Then will come the beginning of the end, for from that time forth the actual temperature of the sun will decline.

This, however, will be in some far distant day, for careful scientists assure us that our race will enjoy undiminished sunshine for at least 5,000 years, and perhaps for twice 5,000.

Then, while the sun slowly reddens and darkens, our earth will die. After that comes the night of ages.—Charles Kelsey Gaines in New York World.

To Catch Him.

Fuddy—I want to get acquainted with Moskins, but I hardly know how to go about it, he's such a queer fish.

Duddy—A queer fish, eh? Why don't you drop him a line?—Boston Transcript.

The Persians in 516 B. C. invented a transparent glass varnish, which they laid over sculptured rocks to preserve them from bad weather. This coating has lasted to our day, while the rocks beneath are honeycombed.

THE EAST WIND.

You're coming, coming, like the light
And spreading o'er the lea.
I know there's death for some tonight,
But life and joy to me,
For you're the east wind,
East wind that I love,
The east wind of the sea.

I, nurtured on our sea girt coast,
Round roof and rock and tree,
Drank in the food I loved the most,
The east wind of the sea.

And midst the spray on ocean's breast,
While you whistled wild and free,
I've kissed your cheek and sunk to rest,
O east wind of the sea!

So, though I pray for those you harm
And wish it might not be,
Sweep in and bring the old, old charm—
Oh, bring it back to me!
For you're the east wind,
East wind that I love,
The east wind of the sea.
—Boston Transcript.

ADVERTISING.

It Has Revolutionized Business and Benefited Humanity.

Advertising is indeed one of the great developments of the age. It has revolutionized business and made it possible to accomplish in a few years what otherwise would have taken generations to compass. Today the advertiser, through the medium of the public press, can introduce his article to the entire public almost literally at a bound. Such a servant at the seller's elbow has naturally made business vastly different from what it was several hundred years ago.

It is no longer necessary, as it was in previous generations, to confine one's commercial transactions to a limited area. In fact, the manufacturer of today regards the world as his field, and there are quite a number of proprietary articles, widely and favorably known in every quarter of the civilized world, which have been introduced during the lifetime of their present proprietors, who are men only in the prime of life.

Without advertising, by which it is possible to reach and influence hundreds of thousands of persons simultaneously, such a result could not be accomplished in several generations, if indeed it could be accomplished at all. Nor has this advertising benefited the seller only. It has brought to the knowledge of the buyer the hundreds of improvements and articles by which life can be made more pleasant, by which the health can be preserved, the palate gratified, the intellect fed and satisfied.

It is no exaggeration to say that no force has conduced more to knit the world closely together nor made our mutual interdependence more apparent. "It is but the simple truth to assert," says a recent writer, "that the loss of the information which the advertisements furnish would be one of the greatest imaginable misfortunes to civilization."—Self Culture.

A Good Shot.

A local sportsman, who has the reputation of being a very bad shot, recently invited some of his friends to dine with him. Before dinner he showed them a target painted on the barn door, with a bullet in the bullseye. This he claimed to have shot at 1,000 yards' distance. As nobody believed him, he offered to bet the price of an oyster supper on it.

On one of his guests accepting the wager, he produced two witnesses, whose veracity could not be questioned, to prove his assertion. As they both said that he had done what he claimed he won the bet. At dinner the loser of the wager asked how his host had managed to fire such an excellent shot. The host answered, "I shot the bullet at the door at a distance of 1,000 yards and then I painted the target around it."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Ground Floor Bedrooms.

There is danger in the porous character of plaster ceilings, which are often very thin indeed. The ordinary ceiling is "only a porous diaphragm permeable by gases with considerable freedom." The vitiated air of sitting rooms therefore frequently finds its way through into bedrooms. The British Medical Journal asks any skeptic to "compare his bodily and mental sensations after sleeping in such a room and in one situated over a similar room well ventilated and not occupied or illuminated by gas during the evening." The remedy, it says, is to have bedrooms on the ground floor and living, working and cooking rooms up stairs. But how about noise?—London Chronicle.

Caught the General.

One of the regular army officers tells a story of how the old stringent army regulations once went against General Scott. One wet afternoon that soldier was caught in the rain in Washington. He was in full uniform and was well known, so, no cab being near, he borrowed an umbrella. Arriving at his hotel, an under officer approached him and calmly remarked:

"General, you will consider yourself under arrest for eight days for carrying an umbrella while in full uniform."

A Scheme That Pays.

A Cincinnati milkman invites his customers to have the milk which he serves analyzed twice a year at his expense. The tests may be made at any time, without warning to the dairyman, his object, of course, being to prove that his milk is of standard purity all the year round. He does a large business and finds himself well repaid for his outlay for the analysis.

Water charged with carbonic acid gas, in other words, soda water, is now prescribed as a palliative for hunger, especially for the abnormal sense of hunger due to disease.

The strength of a man's virtue must not be measured by its extraordinary efforts, but by his ordinary life.

A DANGEROUS TRADE.

PERILS THAT BESET THE MAKING OF NITROGLYCERIN.

Methods Used In the Manufacture of This Dangerous Explosive—The Care That Has to Be Exercised In the Factories.

Nitroglycerin and its peculiarities are little known, even in localities where it is made. People generally give it a wide berth, and even a less number know how it is manufactured. Probably in no place in the United States is there such a great amount of the explosive used as in the Indiana oilfields. Indiana has four nitroglycerin factories, and they are seldom visited by curious people.

The explosive is made from a composition of acids and glycerin. It is generally pale yellow in color, and quite colorless when pure. It is odorless, and has a sweet, pungent, aromatic flavor. If touched by one's tongue, or even brought into contact with the skin, it will produce a severe headache. A large tank, called an agitator, is where the fluid is mixed, and the mixture is composed of equal parts of nitric and sulphuric acids. Inside the tank are several paddles, like those of a churn, and it is here that the real danger in the manufacture exists. The paddles are put in operation and a steady stream of sweet glycerin is turned into a vat until 250 pounds are thoroughly mixed with the 1,500 pounds of acid. The chemicals coming in contact produce an intense heat, and in order to obviate the danger cold water is run through pipes encircling and running through the vat. At 85 degrees F. a red vapor, almost like fire, arises. If cutting off the supply of glycerin in the agitator does not lower the temperature, it is time to say farewell. Before 90 degrees are reached nothing but atoms of the structure and its contents are left.

In its manufacture water is used to flood the workroom, since a drop falling on the floor might lead to an explosion. Not a nail is to be found in the floor of the factory, and the visitor is cautioned not to drag his feet. Those who make the dangerous fluid say that a jar will not cause an explosion; that friction and fire are the only agencies by which it can be discharged. One may pour a barrel of nitroglycerin from a high building to a cement walk below and it will not explode, but a small quantity of it dropped from the same height in a can will blow the building down. A sharp concussion instantly touches it off. Factories become useless after a few years' operation and have to be destroyed. The timber becomes saturated with nitroglycerin and an explosion is imminent at any time.

The average production of nitroglycerin from 1,500 pounds of acid and 250 pounds of glycerin is about 150 quarts. About 160 quarts constitute an average shot for an Indiana oil well. While magazine explosions are not rare, the real cause of the blowing up never becomes known. Those who are close enough to see the cause always go up with the building. The average time for a shooter or nitroglycerin maker to remain in the business does not exceed five years. Death is instant, and no one has ever recovered from a nitroglycerin accident. Bodies are torn to atoms no larger than bits of sausage. The wages of employees of the factories range from $125 to $150 a month.

Colonel William A. Myers of Bolivar, N. Y., was the man who made and exploded the first pound of nitroglycerin in an oil well. He built the first factory in the United States near Titusville, Pa., in 1868. Up to that time powder had been used to torpedo oil wells. It was then that an explosive that could be discharged under water was found in nitroglycerin. Colonel Myers' father was a Philadelphia chemist and taught his son how to make it.

The first well torpedoed was on Colonel Mills' lease, near Titusville, and the charge consisted of only two pounds. Oil was worth $9 a barrel then, and a torpedo that would double the production of a well was worth almost what the maker chose to ask for it. Colonel Myers built 12 different factories in different parts of the oil regions from 1868 to 1885, when he retired from the business. Only one of the original factories stands intact today. Myers made several fortunes and spent his money like a prince, but, fortunately for him, he still has a snug sum laid by.

Well shooters spin great yarns of their experiences, and the stories are of the hair raising order. Well shooters generally are fatalists to a considerable degree in their belief, and it is probably one reason why they do not fear the fluid. They state that when one would think it was the most dangerous the explosive is the safest. The smallest drop can be placed on an anvil and struck by the heaviest sledge hammer, and the hammer will bound back over the shoulder of the striker, no matter how much he may try to hold it. Some claim that it will tear the arm off, but this is exaggeration. Transporting the explosive from a magazine to a well is not as dangerous as timid people think, according to the shooters. It is transported in square cans such as are used for varnish. In preparing for shooting a well, a long tin shell is suspended in the tubing, and the shooter pours the fluid in as if it was water. It is not unusual for 200 quarts to be in a well shooter's wagon on one trip. A slight leak in a can may be touched off by friction and explode the entire load. If it should explode in the center of a town, every building would be reduced instantly to debris.—Indianapolis Journal.

The word Asia is derived from the Sanskrit Ushas, meaning the land of the morning dawn.

PACKING SARDINES.

How an Interesting and Important New England Industry Is Conducted.

The packing of small herrings, or, as they are often called, "American sardines," is an important industry in Maine. In that state there are 50 factories, which give employment to a large number of hands during four or five months of the year. The annual output is estimated to be of an average value of $3,000,000, and about half of this amount finds its way into the pockets of the factory employes in the form of wages. The fish are caught in seines scattered all along the coast for a distance of about a hundred miles. After the fish are taken in sailboats to the factories they are thrown into strong brine, where they remain for some time. They are then laid on iron crates and conveyed to an immense oven, where the crates are laid on revolving shelves. After 20 minutes' cooking the fish are ready for packing. There are two methods of packing, one in oil, the other in mustard. The ground mustard is mixed with vinegar; for oil packing cotton seed oil is used. About a gill of oil is put into a can, and then the baked fish from the ovens are carefully packed into it and the cover snapped on. The pans then go to the sealer, who sits in front of a little furnace in which his soldering iron is plunged. Seizing the can, he runs the heated iron around the cover, holding the solder just in front of it, and seals the can so rapidly that the eye can hardly follow his movements. The sealed cans are thrown into a bath of boiling water, in which they remain for two hours. If any of them leak the tops will bulge out, and these go back to be resealed. After the cans are cleaned with sawdust they are packed into cases and put on the market as genuine American sardines in pure olive oil.

A FAITHFUL HORSE.

An Instance of Remarkable Devotion and Animal Courage.

Instances of the self-devotion of animals in the service of their masters are not uncommon, but they generally have to do with some sudden, instinctive deed of courage. Passive faithfulness unto death, among beasts as among men, is the rarest form of self-sacrifice. The story of the horse of a certain sergeant in the northwest illustrates the courage of animals in its noblest form.

Sergt. Parker, a member of the Canadian mounted police, waited a day or two after the departure of his men, in order to receive some government dispatches, of which he was to be the bearer. It was winter on the prairie, and every trail was hidden beneath the snow, but as soon as he secured the papers, he pushed on alone, hoping to rejoin his company by a forced march. By nightfall he had lost all sense of direction, and when he resumed his journey next day he felt that his search was hopeless.

Still the dispatches were important, and he had been trusted with them. For six days he wandered about, starving and frost bitten. Then snow-blindness came upon him, and he lay down to die.

His faithful horse did not desert him, but stood like a sentinel at his master's feet. For a day and a night it stood there, and on the morning of the second day of its watch a mail-carrier saw the motionless figure. He approached and discovered Sergeant Parker.

It was nearly a fortnight before the rescued sergeant regained consciousness. His first question was after his horse. The emaciated beast was brought into the tent where its master lay, and at once began to lick his face.

Two days later the horse was dead.

PROPERTY IN HAWAII.

Sugar Planters Are on the Flood Tide of Fortune and Are Getting Rich.

Senator Clark, of Wyoming, who has been in the Hawaiian islands this summer, speaking of the conditions there, says:

The sugar planters are on the flood tide of fortune, for the profits on cane are heavy, and everybody in the business is getting rich. Coffee planting has not been so profitable, but I think that eventually it will be made to pay. The material development of Hawaii has been greatly accelerated by annexation. Coming under our flag has been of enormous benefit. It has given confidence to the people and the guarantee of stable government brightens the whole future. Even the most ardent royalists are forced to admit that American supremacy in the islands is the best thing that could have happened.

What form of government do the leading men of the country desire? They wish congress to bestow upon Hawaii a regular territorial system of government, such as that of Arizona or New Mexico. In my opinion that is the most desirable policy to pursue. At present the government is very awkward and cumbersome. There is no municipal or county government, and people residing at a distance from Honolulu are put to great inconvenience, for public records are kept at no other place. Honolulu itself is making rapid strides in the march of progress. Its harbor is crowded with shipping and its business men report unprecedented activity in trade.

Lyddite Not Widely Known.

The new explosive, lyddite, which is figuring in the South African war, is a chemical known only to a few engineers. The secret was purchased by the English government from the inventor of melinite, with which it is supposed to be nearly identical. It is exploded by percussion.

The Secret of a Girl's Beauty

Hon. J. H. FLETCHER, formerly Governor of South Dakota, but now a resident of Salem, Ore., says:

"For over two years my daughter had been declining from a strong, healthy, rosy-cheeked girl to a pale, weak and helpless invalid. She was afflicted with terrible headaches, and gradually grew weaker, and more languid, apparently without cause. I tried several doctors, but all without avail. Finally, to please a friend, I bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and to our surprise, before it was used up her headaches ceased, the color began to return to her cheeks and lips and her strength began to assert itself. I bought five boxes more, and by the time she had finished them she was completely restored, and to-day she is a robust rosy, healthy girl instead of a pale, tired and sickly one."

—From the Oregon Independent, Salem, Ore.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes $2.50.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2 Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

It's the little things that count. A woman can't make a man propose, but a tiny flea can usually bring him to the scratch.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

When a man wins a hat on a bet his head is usually too big to wear it.

"A LUMP LIKE LEAD."—How often one hears the dyspeptic complain of this sensation in the stomach. Through neglect or overwork the digestive organs are weakened and this symptom is the common sensation after eating. The pineapple contains a large percentage of vegetable pepsin, and is a potent aid to digestion. This discovery has given to the world nature's delightful and positive cure, Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets. 18 in a box, 10 cents. 50

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Some men are only successful in becoming failures.

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?—Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared, tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c. 11 9 4td

Some people are never happy unless they are worried about something.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

It seems queer that the girl with a graceful carriage invariably walks.

IT WILL SURPRISE YOU—TRY IT.—It is the medicine above all others for catarrh and is worth its weight in gold. Ely's Cream Balm does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

My son was afflicted with catarrh. He used Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrh all left him.—J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill. The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50c., or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

Why shouldn't the politician have a bee in his bonnet, if his wife insists on having a bird in hers?

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The fellow who can sing and won't isn't a marker to the one who can't but will.

ECZEMA RELIEVED IN A DAY.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure this disgusting skin disease without fail. It will also cure barber's itch, tetter, salt rheum, and all skin eruptions. In from three to six nights it will cure blind, bleeding, and itching piles. One application brings comfort to the most irritating cases. 35c.

Sold by C. A. Kleim. 48

Sometimes it rains cats and dogs, but the dog has been reigning alone for several days.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

When it comes to getting shaved every man carries his mug with him.

MAN AND WIFE IN DISTRESS.—Rev. Dr. Bochror, of Buffalo, says: "My wife and I were both troubled with distressing catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from this aggravating malady since the day we first used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Its action was instantaneous, giving the most grateful relief within ten minutes after first application." 47

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

When a man has no enemies you can generally put him down as a dead one.

CINNAMON-COATED PILLS.—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are coated like a cinnamon drop, very small and delightful to take. One pill a dose, 40 in a vial for 10 cents. Their popularity is a whirlwind, sweeping competitors before it like chaff. No pain, no griping, no inconvenience. 50

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

It is better to be a gas collector than a poet, although they both dabble in metres.

IN HEART DISEASE IT WORKS LIKE MAGIC.—"For years my greatest enemy was organic heart disease. From uneasiness and palpitation it developed into abnormal action, thumping, fluttering and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure For the Heart gave instant relief, and the bad symptoms have entirely disappeared. It is a wonder-worker, for my case was chronic."—Rev. L. S. Dana, Pittsburg, Pa. 46

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

"Marriage," says the confirmed bachelor, "bears the same relation to love that a clove does to a drink."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A BULKY RECEIPT.

The Bank Depositor Had Something to Show For His Money.

A man with a German accent and a fierce red mustache walked into one of the banks the other day and announced that he wanted to open an account.

He was directed to the proper official and from a well worn belt extracted $500. This sum he handed through the window.

The bank official shoved the big signature book toward the depositor for his signature. Just then the official's attention was attracted in another direction. When, a second later, he turned around, the man with the red mustache was coolly walking toward the door with the book, which contained the signatures of all the depositors in the bank, tucked under his arm.

The assistant cashier yelled:

"Hold on, there!"

But the Teuton pursued his even course toward the street.

The official rushed from behind his counter and caught the new depositor just as he reached the door.

"What are you doing with that book?" demanded the bank official angrily, laying hold of the precious volume.

"Why, I thought that was the receipt for my $500!" answered the German, completely bewildered.

In the same bank a well dressed woman called to deposit $300.

The assistant cashier pushed the signature book toward her, after receiving the deposit.

"Sign your name there," said the official, indicating the proper place.

The woman took up the pen and made a show of writing, but the steel point never touched the paper. After a few more fancy flourishes in the air the woman handed back the pen, saying:

"Last summer I used to write my name all right, but for some reason I can't do it now."

The bank official directed her to make an "X" in the book.—Chicago Journal.

TWO MEAN TOWNS.

The Stories That the Traveling Men Told About Them.

They were talking about bad towns.

"The meanest place I ever was in," said the man who travels for a Chicago house, "is down in Massachusetts. Say, do you know what happened while I was stopping there once? A man had fallen through a hole in a sidewalk and sustained injuries that resulted in the loss of his right arm. He sued the city for damages, and the case was tried before a jury, which, the papers said, was composed of representative citizens. Well, what do you suppose they did to him? Brought in a verdict in favor of the city, holding that inasmuch as he was left handed his injury didn't amount to anything."

"Yes," the cigar man said, "that's a pretty mean town, I admit, but I know of a worse one. This place is in Pennsylvania. An acquaintance of mine down there was injured some time ago in pretty much the same way the man you mentioned got hurt. He fell on a bad sidewalk and lost one of his legs. He sued the city, and didn't get anything. I never heard just why, but probably because the jurors didn't believe he needed more than one leg in his business, seeing that he was a barber and couldn't hone a razor or shave a man with his foot anyway. But wait, I haven't come to the point at which the real meanness developed. Being a poor man, he couldn't afford to buy a cork leg, so he had to get along with a wooden peg, and one day while he was crossing the principal street this peg in some way got wedged between a couple of paving stones right in the middle of the street car track. It took them nearly an hour to get him loose, and what do you suppose happened then? Blamed if they didn't go and fine him $10 and costs for obstructing traffic!"—Chicago Times-Herald.

Why a Cemetery Fence?

It was a Maine graveyard, and the fence thereof was in a most disreputable condition.

Some of the neighbors were trying to start a movement to put a new fence around the cemetery, and it was meeting with general approval till the caustic wit of Darius Howard was aroused.

"What for?" he inquired. "What's the need of fencing the graveyard? There ain't no one inside that wants to come out, and I'm darn sure there ain't any one outside that wants to get in. So what's the need of the fence?"

And the fence was not built till folk had ceased to chuckle over the thrust of Darius.—Lewiston Journal.

Wherein They Differed.

Dr. Emily Blackwell, one of the pioneers of her sex in medicine, heard a young physician deliver a fierce diatribe against opening the doors of the profession to women. When he ceased, she asked:

"Will you please tell me one reason why they should not practice medicine?"

"Certainly, madam. They haven't the muscle, the brawn, the physical strength."

"I see, sir. Your conception of a sickroom is a slaughter house. Mine is not."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Dogs and Men.

The puppy, as such, thinks every one is his friend. As he grows up he curbs his enthusiasm. When an old dog with gray jowls, he only glares at people who call to him. Human beings have many canine traits, including four teeth of the sort used by man's best friend.—New York World.

Quick is the succession of human events. The cares of today are seldom the cares of tomorrow, and when we lie down at night we may say to most of our troubles, "Ye have done your worst, and we shall meet no more."

SHELVED HIS INVENTION.

An Experience Which Taught the Mechanical Expert a Lesson.

One of the best mechanical engineers in New Orleans told an interesting story apropos of the tribulations of inventors. "About three years ago," he said, "I got up a little device that greatly simplified the working of a certain type of pump. I took out patents that cost me in the neighborhood of $300, including attorney's fees, and finally submitted the thing to a big manufacturing concern in the north. The proprietors at once conceded the merit of the invention and offered me $500 down and a royalty of $125 on each one used. The cash payment amounted to nothing, for it really fell short of covering my time and expenses, but the royalty was generous, and I figured it out that it would yield me an income of $3,000 or $4,000 for several years—perhaps longer, it depended on how soon something better entered the field.

"Accordingly, I accepted the proposition and transferred all my right. Now, how much do you think I actually received? Not a penny! No, I haven't been cheated; at least, all the accounts have been perfectly straight. The trouble is they never put the device on the market. They simply stuck the patents and drawings in a pigeonhole and there they remain to this day.

"Why did they do it, did you ask? To save money. The public is very well suited with their pump as it stands, and it is doubtful if they could get any more for it with my improvement added. Such a step would merely cut down the net profit, so they prefer to let well enough alone. It was necessary, of course, to get my invention safely shelved, or it might have been taken up by some enterprising rival, and the only earthly reason for spending $500 on the thing was to put it out of the way. It was rather rough on me, to be sure, but the experience was valuable, and I won't get caught that way again."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

GLASSES FOR THE EYES.

The Reason They Are Worn by So Many Persons Nowadays.

The question is often asked, particularly by those who can recall the customs and experiences of 25 years ago, "Why do so many persons nowadays wear glasses?" The answer is easy. "The increase in the number of spectacles worn is not to be regarded as an evidence of modern degeneration of the eyes, but rather that a long felt necessity has been met." For it should be remembered that within the past quarter of a century much has been learned about the value of glasses, and the range of their application and usefulness has been enormously extended. Of course the eyes need more help now than formerly, as the amount of work they are required to do is much greater than at any previous period in the world's history. The sewing machine and many other inventions of its class save the labor of the hands only to add to that required of the eyes.

New employments, new amusements and new fashions are continually being introduced to increase the exactions laid upon these sensitive and delicate organs. The steady decrease of illiteracy, together with the general cheapness of literature and a spread of a taste for it, the enormous circulation of novel, magazine and newspaper, the ever increasing use of artificial illumination, all combine to overtax the eyes and to weaken or possibly destroy the sight unless the required aid and protection be supplied through every means at our disposal. Thus it happens that the some time luxury of properly adapted glasses has come to be recognized and understood by very many of the present generation as one of the real necessities of their lives.—Lippincott's.

English Officers Wear Armor.

Many officers of the British army are wearers of armor. As a general rule the mail is inclosed in a leather casing, which is sewed inside the tunic, so as to be invisible unless the garment is picked to pieces. And the same with helmets—a similar device is fixed in the lining, so as to give additional protection in case of need. Some officers are not above wearing mail vests underneath their tunics and perfectly oblivious of their comrades, who, although they may scoff in times of peace, would only be too glad to don one themselves when in the middle of hostilities. The majority of the maker's customers are officers, because the suits are very expensive, costing about 10 guineas each.—Regiment.

A Curious Battle.

An interesting spectacle was witnessed the other day on the banks of the river Soar, near Hathern, by a gentleman resident in the district. Being attracted by a peculiar cry, he turned aside and came upon a young otter and a huge eel engaged in a deadly struggle. The otter had evidently caught the eel, which had retaliated by winding itself tightly round the former's neck. The fight lasted several minutes, the otter eventually freeing itself and making off with a part of the eel, which it had bitten in two.—London Telegraph.

A Shock to Boston.

An English woman, a visitor, grieved all Boston by irreverently asking a citizen, as she walked through the Common and saw the cherished gilded dome of the statehouse, "Beg pardon, sir, but what building is that with the brass top?"—New York Times.

Accommodated.

"You haven't any smokeless tobacco, have you?" asked the smart young man.

"Lots of it," said the matter of fact person behind the counter, producing a box of snuff. "How much do you want?"

DO IT YOURSELF.

It is easy to tell whether your kidneys are diseased. Take a bottle or glass tumbler and fill it with urine. If there is a sediment—a powder-like substance—after standing a day and night, there is something wrong with the kidneys. Other sure signs of disease are a desire to urinate often, pain in the back, or if your urine stains linen.

There is no question that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the best and surest medicine in the world for diseases of the kidnes, liver, bladder and blood, rheumatism, dyspepsia and chronic constipation. It quickly relieves and cures inability to hold urine and the necessity of getting up a number of times during the night. It puts an end to that scalding pain when passing urine and corrects the bad effects of whiskey and beer. It is sold for one dollar a bottle at all drug stores.

Send your full postoffice address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper. They will then mail you a trial bottle of Favorite Remedy and a valuable medical pamphlet free, giving full directions for its use. Every reader of the COLUMBIAN can depend upon the genuineness of this liberal offer, and all sufferers from the diseases mentioned above should take advantage of it at once.

"Some people," said the boy with the dirty face, "never thank ye, no matter what ye do fur 'em. A feller put a bent pin on the teacher's chair the other day, an' when the teacher was about to set down I pulled the chair out from under him to save him from the pin, an', by George, he licked me fur it!"

The farmers of the United States have long needed a good work on swine, a practical, concise and common-sense book without any padding or humbug about it. They have it in the form of No. 5 of the Biggle Books, called Biggle Swine Book. It is profusely illustrated with photographs direct from life of the different breeds of hogs, etc. Much attention is given to western and eastern practices, in the diseases of hogs, especially to cholera, to feeding, breeding, butchering and the carving of meats for home use and market. There are 144 pages printed on the best paper and bound handsomely in cloth. Some breeders have thought it was not possible to make a good photograph of a hog, but the score or more of handsome engravings made directly from photographs will go far to dispel this illusion. All the leading breeds are shown and briefly discussed in the text. See announcement of this and other Biggle Books in another column of this paper. The price is 50 cents, free by mail; address the publishers, Wilmer Atkinson Co., Philadelphia.

The dressmaker knows the seamy side of life.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

It's an ill wind that blows the doctor good.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

GRAIN-O! GRAIN-O! — Remember that name when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Grain-O is made of pure grain, it aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health-builder, and the children, as well as the adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

If it should be asked what possession I most valued, I would say some beautiful memory. Memory is possession. It is the only thing on earth that is absolutely ours, which no one can take from us. We can produce and enjoy it in a crowd of uncongenial people as happily as if we were alone. No noise can drown its voice; no distance can dim its clearness. Strength, hope, beauty, everything else, may pass. Memory will stay.

CASTORIA.

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1899,

at two o'clock in the afternoon, all that certain piece of real estate and foundry and machine shop property, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Northwardly, by the lands of the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad Company; eastwardly, by Iron street, of said town; southwardly, by lands formerly of D. J. Waller, now of ——————, and westwardly, by land now occupied by H. V. White & Co., containing about one hundred feeet (100 feet) along the lands of said Railroad Company, and about ninety-five feet along said Iron street, be the same more or less, with the engine, boiler, shafting, machinery, tools and fixtures thereunto belonging, being the same premises conveyed by Michael Hess and wife to Josiah Ralston, Rhoda Hess and E. R. Drinker, trustee of Richard C. Drinker, by deed dated January 10, 1888, recorded in the office for the recording of deeds, in Columbia county, in deed book 43, page 104, &c., and by the said Josiah Ralston and wife, Rhoda Hess and husband, S. M. Hess, and E. R. Drinker, trustee of Richard C. Drinker, to Hess Manufacturing Company, Limited, by deed dated January 27, 1891, as will more fully appear, reference to said deeds and records being had, whereon are erected a

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

and office building.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Josiah Ralston vs. Hess Iron Mfg. Co., Ltd., and to be sold as the property of Hess Iron Mfg. Co., Ltd.

W. W. BLACK,
HERRING AND JACOBY, Attys. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, and will be presented to the said Court on the second Monday of December, A. D. 1899, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute:

1. First and final account of C. W. Eckman, assignee of Francis Pensyl.

W. H. HENRIE, Proth'y.
Prothy's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 9, 1899.

Fine feathers may not make fine birds, but they make fine bonnets.

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND HONEST persons to represent us as managers in this and close by counties. Salary $900 a year and expenses. Straight, bona fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. Our references, any bank, in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept. 3, Chicago. 9-28-16t

A literary light is often an unpaid gas bill.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought Chas. H. Fletcher.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widow's Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia county on the second Monday of December, A. D. 1899, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute:

1. Estate of William F. Miller, late of Cleveland township. Personalty, $100.00. Realty, $200.00.
2. Estate of Alinas Cole, late of Greenwood township. Personalty, $300.00.
3. Estate of Jacob Gilbert, late of Mt. Pleasant township. Realty, $300.00.

W. H. HENRIE, Prothy.
Prothy's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 9, 1899.

ORDINANCE NO. 104.

An ordinance permitting the Montour and Columbia Telephone Company, its successors or assigns, to construct, maintain and operate, a telephone exchange and system of telephone service in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, and to erect the necessary poles, wires and cables, to operate the same, upon certain terms and conditions.

SECTION 1.—Be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same:

That permission is hereby granted to the Montour and Columbia Telephone Company, its successors or assigns, to construct, maintain and operate, a telephone exchange and system of telephone service in the Town of Bloomsburg, and for that purpose to erect and maintain the necessary poles, wires and cables, upon, over and through, the several streets, avenues, lanes and alleys, of the said Town of Bloomsburg, subject, nevertheless, to the conditions and restrictions hereinafter contained, viz:

SEC. 2.—That said construction and work shall be done under the direction and subject to the approval of the Town Engineer, and the Committee on Streets and Highways, and under and subject to the several ordinances of the said Town of Bloomsburg, relating to the erection of telephone poles and wires upon the streets, avenues, lanes and alleys, of the said Town of Bloomsburg.

SEC. 3.—That no poles shall be erected upon any street or avenue of the said town where a lane or an alley is available for the same purpose.

SEC. 4.—That said Company, its successors, or assigns, shall so erect its poles and wires as not to interfere with the wires of other corporations now having poles and wires upon and over the streets, avenues, lanes and alleys, of the said town, and so as not to interfere with the firemen in the extinguishment of fires.

SEC. 5.—That the said poles shall not be erected so as to impede, obstruct, or interfere, with the free flow and passage of water in, through, over or upon, any gutter, drain, sewer, culvert, or water course; nor so as to interfere with or obstruct the convenient use of the streets, avenues, lanes or alleys, of the said town; nor so as to interfere with or damage private property, or of any corporation authorized to do business in said town.

SEC 6.—That the said Company, its successors, or assigns, shall erect neat poles, reasonably straight, and repair and make good all damage or injury to the streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, or highways, of the said Town of Bloomsburg, and sidewalks thereof, or shade trees thereon, caused by it, its successors, or assigns, in the construction of said exchange and system; and the poles so erected, and the fixtures thereon, shall be erected and constructed in a safe and substantial manner, and as neat in appearance as may be, and shall be located by the Town Engineer, or under his direction, and all work shall be erected, constructed, maintained, repaired and cared for, at the cost of the said Telephone Company, its successors, or assigns.

SEC. 7.—That the said Company shall place in the Town Hall one telephone, which shall be for the exclusive use of the said town, free of any charge, as long as said Company, its successors, or assigns, continue to do business under this ordinance in said town.

SEC. 8.—That the said Montour and Columbia Telephone Company shall pay the charges attendant upon the preparation and publication of this ordinance.

SEC 9.—The privileges herein granted are expressly made subject to any ordinance heretofore or hereafter passed, regulating the erection, painting, repair or removal of telephone poles, in or from the streets, lanes, avenues, alleys and highways, of the Town of Bloomsburg; and subject also to the privilege to the said Town of Bloomsburg, at its election, to have the free and uninterrupted use of each or all of the poles of said pole line, or lines, for the erection or stringing of wires for its own purposes, free of any charge. Provided that no wires carrying a high tension current shall be placed on said poles.

SEC. 10.—That before a permit shall be granted by the Town Council to the said Telephone Company, to construct its exchange and system, as herein provided, the said Telephone Company shall file with the President of the Town Council a bond, in the sum of one thousand dollars, conditioned upon a full and faithful performance of the conditions of this ordinance, which said bond shall be subject to the approval of the said Town Council; and until the said bond shall be approved, and the proper officer of the said Montour and Columbia Telephone Company shall have certified to the said Town Council, in writing, its acceptance of the terms and conditions of this ordinance, no work shall be commenced upon the erection and construction of the said telephone line.

SEC. 11.—That the work of constructing said line shall be commenced within six months from the passage of this ordinance, and completed within one year, and failure to comply with this section shall revoke the permission by this ordinance granted.

SEC 12.—This ordinance shall have force and effect upon the aforesaid certification of acceptance and proper publication thereof.

Approved and passed the 28th day of June, A. D. 1899.

W. O. HOLMES,
FREEZE QUICK, Sec'y. Pres Town Council.

E. W. M. LOW, Pres. J. M. STAVER, Vice Pres
E. B. TUSTIN, CASHIER.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

—OF—

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Capital and Surplus, $160,000
Undivided Profits, $ 20,000

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT IN BURGLAR AND FIREPROOF VAULTS.

DIRECTORS.

Dr. E. W. M. Low, Myron I. Low,
Dr. J. H. Vastine, J. M. Staver,
E. B. Tustin, Louis Gross.

Accounts of Banks, Corporations, Firms and Individuals, Solicited Upon the Most Liberal Terms, Consistent with Good Banking. 8-10-6m.

The Bloomsburg National Bank.

CAPITAL.....$60,000
SURPLUS.....20,000

DIRECTORS.

Henry J. Clark, Harrison J. Conner,
Joseph Ratti, Paul E. Wirt,
Wilson M. Eves, Owen W. Cherington,
Samuel Wigfall, W. M. Longenberger,
Harvey W. Hess, Amos Z. Schoch.

A. Z. Schoch.....President
Paul E. Wirt.....Vice President
W. H. Bidlay.....Cashier
Morris S. Broadt.....Teller

Business and individual accounts respectfully solicited. Aug. 2, 1899.

1891. 1899.

THE FARMERS NATIONAL BANK,

—OF—

Bloomsburg, Pa.

CAPITAL. - - $50,000
Earned Surplus and Undivided Profits, 27,500

W. S. MOYER, President. A. H. BLOOM, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Runyon, William Gingles,
Sevin U. Funk, Charles M. Creveling,
Christopher A. Klein, William Kreamer,
Joseph W. Rees, William S. Moyer,
Frank Ikeler.

8-24-99

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN SHUMAN, LATE OF BEAVER TWP., DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court, of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, to make distribution, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, December 1st, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested must appear, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

11-9-4t G. M. QUICK, Auditor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN

FREEZE & HARMAN,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Lockard's building,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.

A. N. YOST,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,

—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets. 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, First National Bank Bldg., 2d Floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Lockard's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. RHAWN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts.,
CATAWISSA, PA.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexander & Co. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.
3-70-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D., SURGEON.

GENERAL SURGERY, SURGERY OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
Over Farmer's National Bank Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-10-99

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN

H. BIERMAN, M. D.

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence—N. E. Cor. Fourth and Jefferson streets.
TELEPHONE.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and residence—East street, between Third and Fourth.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. / 1 to 3 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,

Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, PA
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,

DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

DR. W. H. HOUSE,

SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,

—DENTIST —
Office corner of East and Main Streets opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,

FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,5
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,5
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,6
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	425
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,7

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,

FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CITY HOTEL,

W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

Creeping Consumption

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It does not come that way.

It creeps its way along.

First, you think it is a little cold; nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

The suddenness comes when you have a hemorrhage.

Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping.

You can do it with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

You first notice that you cough less. The pressure on the chest is lifted. That feeling of suffocation is removed. A cure is hastened by placing one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster over the Chest.

A Book Free.

It is on the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Write us Freely.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.

Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in this section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons. 1-5

You can get a nice globe for your lamp at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

Only thirty more days of 1899. How time flies. Less of time and more of eternity every day.

December 14th next will be the hundredth anniversary of the death of Washington. From present indications the day will pass by unobserved so far as Bloomsburg is concerned.

Lock Haven citizens propose to organize a company for the manufacture of automobiles. A gentleman, who is an automobile inventor, is now in that town agitating the matter.

We do not hesitate to make the assertion that we have the finest and most complete line of lamps and lamp trimmings ever kept in Bloomsburg, at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

Williamsport policemen have been instructed to notify dealers supplying that city with milk and cream to have their wagons lettered with their names and the nature of their business. If they refuse to comply within a specified number of days, action will be taken against them by the board of health.

At a meeting last week of the Anthracite Coal Operators' Association, in New York, a resolution was adopted pledging the support of the association in the building of the Kingston and Delaware railroad, which means a railroad to tidewater at Kingston, and which will materially lower the price of coal, it is said. This is the beginning of a war against the railroads controlling the output.

Judge Clayton, of Delaware county, is a joker, says the Hazleton *Sentinel*: At a recent court a young man was before him charged with running after a young woman and kissing her. In his charge to the jury Judge Clayton solemnly remarked: "Gentlemen, there seems to be no doubt that this young man chased this defendant and kissed her after hugging her several times, but I fail to see that it was established that she ran fast enough to get away from him or cared very badly to run fast. If it is a crime to chase a pretty girl and hug and kiss her, then, gentlemen, there is not a man among your number who should not be in jail." The young man was acquitted.

Pens, inks and paper of all kinds at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

Farmers in nearby townships are complaining that gunners are tearing down their fences. Sportsmen should rest content with tresspassing let alone destroying fences.

Growing grain, in the opinion of one of our subscribers, who dropped in on Monday to renew his subscription, never looked better than it does this fall. Indications at present point to a good crop next year.

The postoffice department is experimenting with a keyless lock for use on postoffice boxes. If successful it will be placed in all the offices and will release a good deal of money all over the country, now held as deposits for postoffice box keys.

It will not be long 'till the severe blasts of winter will be with us again, and as a reminder we call the attention of drivers who are inclined to be inhuman, to blanket their horses, and not permit them to stand for hours on the street shivering in the cold.

The potato crop of this country this year is one of the largest ever raised, a matter of a good deal of importance as affecting the question of food supply. The yield is estimated at 242,000,000 bushels, or about 40,000,000 bushels larger than in 1898 and 68,000,000 larger than in 1897. The yield per acre this year estimated at 81 bushels, which is slightly below that of 1896, but far ahead of last year, or 1897, when it was but 64 bushels.

While you are attending the Institute, this week, we extend to all school teachers an invitation to call and inspect our line of holiday goods, such as books, of many kinds, albums, bibles, lamps, toilet cases, perfumes, collar and cuff boxes, handkerchief boxes, photo holders, mirrors, traveling cases, picture frames, fancy box papers, games of many kinds, and many other articles too numerous to mention, at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, 108 Main street, opposite Episcopal Church.

Judge Olmstead, of Potter county has ordered that all men convicted of illegal liquor selling shall be compelled to work out the $500 fine at cracking stone at $1 per day. There are twelve now in the Potter county jail for illegal liquor selling and on Saturday Sheriff Farnsworth started to put the court's order into effect. Four of them refused to go to work, declaring that they had never done any work and didn't propose to begin. The judge therefore ordered them placed on a bread and water diet until they changed their minds about working.

An exchange tells how in Lyons, the other day, a woman did some trading in a store, amounting to 55 cents. She gave the proprietor a bill and he gave her 45 cents change. Later, when the merchant made up his cash accounts he found it overrun $4.45. Finally he went to the woman who had purchased the 55 cents' worth of goods and asked if she knew the denomination of the bill she gave. She had supposed it was one dollar, but said she could tell, as she had $11 in her purse and had made no other purchases. Upon examination, the purse was found to contain but $6, so it was concluded that she gave the merchant a five dollar bill. The latter said he had an account against the woman's husband and would credit him with the $4.45. That arrangement was not satisfactory, and when the merchant refused to return the money, a warrant for his arrest on a charge of petit larceny was issued.

The merchant was convicted and fined $15. He settled.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Home of Swamp-Root.

HOBART LAID TO REST

Immense Throngs Attend the Last Sad Rites.

PATERSON A CITY OF MOURNING.

President and Cabinet With Large Delegations From the Senate and House In Attendance — Thousands Take a Final View.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 25.—The funeral of the late Vice President Hobart this afternoon brought together the largest gathering of distinguished men ever assembled in this state.

Probably no other city, except the national capital during the sessions of congress, ever entertained so large and representative a company as that which attended the funeral of Vice President Hobart. It is estimated that fully 60,000 of the citizens of Paterson and 10,000 visitors were there. In addition to the president, his entire cabinet, four justices of the supreme court of the United States, more than half the members of the United States senate and more than 70 representatives in congress, there were a large number of men who came quietly from all parts of the country and who did not make themselves known. It was a representative gathering of the professional, the mercantile and the commercial men of the country and of the artisans and toilers of the entire nation.

Business was entirely suspended throughout the city, and emblems of mourning were profusely displayed, while from the surrounding country throngs of people came pouring into the city to witness the funeral of the state's most distinguished citizen.

A double service was held, the first being at Carroll hall, the Hobart home, followed by a public service at the Church of the Redeemer.

The services at the house were attended by the family, the president and his cabinet, members of the senate and house of representatives of the United States and intimate personal friends of the family. They began promptly at 2 p. m. and were conducted by Rev. Dr. Magie, who also delivered an address and prayer at the church services.

The president and cabinet also attended the services at the church, being conveyed there in carriages, while the 32 pallbearers, of whom eight were personal pallbearers, walked in the procession.

The pallbearers were selected by the vice president during his illness. They were:

Attorney General John W. Griggs, Edward T. Bell, Franklin Murphy, General Joseph W. Congdon, J. Franklin Fort, George F. Baker, Colonel William Barbour, Senators William T. Frye of Maine, M. A. Hanna of Ohio, W. J. Sewell of New Jersey, John Kean of New Jersey, C. W. Fairbanks of Indiana, James McMillan of Michigan, John W. Daniel of Virginia and F. M. Cockrell of Missouri and Representatives D. B. Henderson of Iowa, John J. Gardner and R. Wayne Parker of New Jersey, Charles F. Jay of Missouri, W. B. Hepburn of Iowa, John Dalzell of Pennsylvania, George B. McClellan of New York and John F. Rixey of Virginia.

Captain Gorden of the senate police and eight members of his force were the active pallbearers.

The ushers were John R. Beam, Vivian Lewis, John H. Reynolds, Henry F. Bell, Arthur Ryle, Frank Gledhill, Henry C. Knox, Andrew Derron, Frederick Van Blarcom, A. T. Bell, Jr.; Leavitt Griggs, J. W. Cleveland, Walter G. Shields and Barclay Cooke.

The casket was carried by eight policemen from the capitol at Washington in full uniform.

On the casket was a large bunch of loose flowers sent by President McKinley.

In the right hand of Mr. Hobart was a magnolia blossom sent by Mrs. McKinley.

The house was beautifully decorated with plants and flowers. The drapings and flowers in the church were magnificent.

The services at the church were very impressive and consisted of the following: Organ prelude, reading of Scripture and prayer by Rev. Charles D. Shaw, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Paterson; hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," by the Orpheus Singing society; address and prayer by Rev. Dr. Magie; anthem, "Weary Hands," by the Orpheus Singing society; benediction by Rev. Dr. Magie.

At the close of the service the body was placed in a receiving vault at Cedar Lawn, where it will remain for ten days before burial.

The scenes at Carroll hall yesterday afternoon, when the remains of Vice President Hobart were lying in state and the public was given an opportunity to view them, were exciting and pathetic. Long before 2 o'clock, the time announced for the opening of the doors of the Hobart home to the public, the crowd began to assemble, and when the first rush toward the main entrance began fully 5,000 persons were crowded into Ellison and Carroll streets. Lines were formed by a squad of police, but the force was entirely too small to maintain any semblance of order. Women were largely in the majority. They included all classes, from those in Mr. Hobart's social class to the street beggar, and all were given the same opportunity to take a last look at the face of one they had learned to esteem.

As the throngs filed into the hall leading to the library the excitement increased. Women fainted on the porch, and at one time half a dozen lay insensible on the lawn. They were revived, and all, with the assistance of friends, were able to go home. Fully 8,000 persons saw the remains in the four hours they were exposed to view. Thousands more would have seen them if the time had permitted, but the doors of Carroll hall were closed promptly at 6 o'clock.

It was remarked by those who had known the vice president that the face had lost its pleasant roundness and was very thin, showing that he had suffered much. His neck had also thinned considerably, and his hair and mustache were gray. He was sadly changed from the day he was sworn into the office of vice president of the United States, but there was a peaceful expression as though he had dropped into a sleep.

Hobart's Life Insurance.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 28.—The companies holding risks on the life of Vice President Garret A. Hobart have sent his executors their checks for the amount of the policies. The Equitable Life Assurance society had $100,000, and the New York Life insured him to the amount of $55,000.

REBELLION IN CUBA.

It Is Reported That an Anti-American War Is Likely.

HAVANA, Nov. 28.—It is reported that 1,000 armed Cuban insurgents have taken to the woods in the province of Pinar del Rio and are prepared to fight for Cuban independence, which they believe is in jeopardy.

The report causes great excitment here, where anti-American sentiment, inflamed by the talk of civil government being established, has reached a high pitch.

Secret meetings of the Independence party are being nightly held in Havana and Pinar del Rio provinces, and anti-American sentiments are freely expressed.

An uprising against the Americans is said to be planned for Thanksgiving day.

The American authorities have their eyes open and are keeping in close touch with the situation.

The Seventh cavalry and Eighth infantry have received orders what to do in case of an outbreak and can be ready for action at a moment's notice.

The anti-American sentiment in Cuba is due to the feeling that somehow the island is to be bunkoed out of its independence.

The accusation has been made that the census of Cuba, now almost completed, was taken with the ulterior design of representing that the native Cubans were in the minority and that the desire for annexation was widespread.

This sort of talk was largely confined to the malcontents and rabid Cuba libre shouters.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Wonderful Tests Made In Chicago of a New System.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Professor W. S. Johnson and C. L. Fortier of Milwaukee yesterday made a successful test in this city of the wireless telegraph. They succeeded in telegraphing without wires through a suit of seven rooms with all the doors closed and through seven walls.

Another test was made, when the signals were conveyed through three fireproof vaults and an ordinary telegraph switchboard in which 30 wires were connected up and about 40 dead wires were located.

Notwithstanding the fact that this switchboard contained live wires the current passed through all of the vaults and through this board. This is one of the most severe tests that has ever been given wireless telegraphy.

A third test was made in which the sending instrument was placed inside of one of the steel vaults, and both doors were closed and the combination lock turned. The signals were then transmitted clearly from the inside of the vault to an adjoining room. The professor claims that his invention is materially different from that of Marconi and that his instruments can be constructed to be carried on horseback and be ready for operation within a few moments after they have reached their destination. The sending instrument used was intended only for short distances. The receiving instrument, however, was complete and ready for use at any distance.

COALING AT SEA.

The Miller Conveyor Passes a Successful Test.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Officers and men in all the navies of the world will doubtless be glad to know that as a result of three days' trial of "coaling ship" while towing at sea just completed by the United States battleship Massachusetts and the collier Marcellus it may soon be possible for any warship to receive coal by the overboard wire system at the average rate of 20 tons an hour. The vessels named returned to port last night and anchored off Tompkinsville, after having been away for a week, three days of which were spent at sea giving the Miller conveyor a thorough trial under varied conditions.

At the conclusion of yesterday's trial—

Danger Signals!

Do you take cold with every change in the weather? Does your throat feel raw? And do sharp pains dart through your chest?

Don't you know these are danger signals which point to pneumonia, bronchitis, or consumption itself?

If you are ailing and have lost flesh lately, they are certainly danger signals. The question for you to decide is, "Have I the vitality to throw off these diseases?"

Don't wait to try SCOTT'S EMULSION "as a last resort." There is no remedy equal to it for fortifying the system. Prevention is easy.

Scott's Emulsion

prevents consumption and hosts of other diseases which attack the weak and those with poor blood.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is the one standard remedy for inflamed throats and lungs, for colds, bronchitis and consumption. It is a food medicine of remarkable power. A food, because it nourishes the body; and a medicine, because it corrects diseased conditions.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

I. W. Hartman & Son. | I. W. Hartman & Son.

We expect to attract and hold the holiday trade by offering the same or better goods than others at less prices. Isn't that to our interest and your interest?

HANDHERCHIEFS—Largest stock, greatest variety, best value, ever before shown by us. 1c to $2 50 each.

CHRISTMAS GLOVES AND HOSIERY.—Misses' Kid Gloves, 75c. Misses' Cashmere Gloves, 25c to 50c. Ladies' Kid Gloves, 15c to $1 25. Foster hook or clasp. Men's and women's dress and driving gloves and mittens, children's single and double mittens, 10c to 35c.

CHRISTMAS COLLARETTES AND BOAS.—Real ostrich boas, $2 50 to $5 00. Fine fur boas, $1 98 to $5 75. Feather boas, 39c to $2 00. Imitation electric seal collarettes, $1 98. Cape seal collarettes, $3 98 to $5 00.

CHRISTMAS UMBRELLAS—A gift not given amiss. Always appreciated. For ladies, 59c to $5 00; for men, $1 00 to $5 00; for children, 59c to $1 00.

ROGERS' PLATED SILVER WARE.—Teaspoons, $1 per set, desert spoons, $1 69. Table spoons, $2 00 per set, knives, $1 69, forks, $1 69 to $2. Pickle forks, 25c to 50c each. Butter knives, 25c to 69c each.

CHRISTMAS JEWELRY—100 useful articles. Not the common "brassy" sort, but the kind that looks well and wears well. From shirt waist sets at 5c to $2 50, to brooches, at $3.

Christmas fancy goods—Bureau covers, 50c to 75c and other holiday gift-giving useful luxuries belonging to the embroidered muslin family.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

the third of the series—when 126 bags of coal, each weighing 410 pounds, had been transported in 66 minutes, the trial board announced that the test was ended and that they were satisfied with the result.

Southerners Want Cotton Money.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 28.—Governor Miles B. McSweeney has addressed a letter to the governor of each southern state asking for united effort to get southern representatives in congress to work for the passage of the bill refunding $11,000,000 to southern people from whom cotton was seized by United States troops during the war between the states. The cotton was sold by the collector of customs at New York and the funds placed in the United States treasury.

A Large Snake Family.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The Zoological park here has been enriched by 62 young boa constrictors, the progeny of the great Brazilian boa which is the queen of the Zoo's snake exhibit. The young boas average 16 inches long and an inch in diameter. They have already killed and eaten a number of mice and promise soon to be ready for guinea pigs. The old boa was presented to the Zoo by Dr. Paes de Cavalho, governor of Para, Brazil.

Three Honored Turkeys.

WESTERLY, R. I., Nov. 27.—Three choice 25 pound grasshopper fed turkeys will grace the tables of three prominent Americans on Thanksgiving day. One will go to President McKinley, the second to Admiral George Dewey and the third to Governor Dyer of Rhode Island. As has been his custom for over a quarter of a century, Horace Vose of this place will furnish the turkeys for the president's and governor's tables.

Pouch of Diamonds Lost.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Daniel Earl, a diamond importer, lost a leather pouch containing $7,363 worth of diamonds, rubies, sapphires and other precious stones while carrying it from his office to safe deposit vaults Saturday. He placed the pouch in his outside coat pocket and missed it on the street.

Another Record Broken.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 27.—John T. Fisher of Chicago, at Convention hall last night, broke the indoor world's bicycle record for one mile, paced, making the distance in 1:52 2-5. The former record, 1:56 2-5, was made by Harry Elkes in Madison Square Garden, New York.

The Fight With the Khalifa.

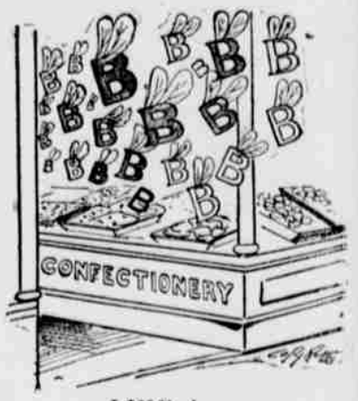
CAIRO, Nov. 27.—Sir Francis Wingate, in the battle with the khalifa's force near Gedid, captured 9,000 men, women and children. Osman Digna, the principal general of the khalifa, is still at large.

The 50th Year of "Harper's Magazine."

With the December number "Harper's Magazine" begins its hundredth volume, and enters upon the last six months of its fiftieth year. Half a century ago "Harper's Magazine," as the announcement of the four Harper Brothers reads, "was projected and commenced in the belief that it might be made the means of bringing within the reach of great mass of the American people an immense amount of useful and entertaining reading matter, to which, on account of the great number and expense of the books and periodicals in which it originally appears, they have hitherto had no access." The original plan of the publishers then was to make the new periodical simply a literary digest, and for the first six months its pages were filled entirely with matter reprinted from English magazines and from current books. The success of the "Magazine" so surpassed the expectations of the publishers, that at the beginning of the second volume they felt themselves in a position to institute a new feature. During the second year, in each number appeared at least one original article. This innovation proved so acceptable to the "Magazine's" readers that it was continued and developed, and in a few years the periodical consisted entirely of original matter. Half a century makes a vast difference both in magazines and the tastes they supply—a difference could only be understood by a comparison of the first number of "Harper's" with the elaborate Christmas number which has just been received, and which, as has been said, opens the hundredth volume. This Christmas number, by the way, ought to be remembered for a long time, if for only one thing, that is Mark Twain's short story; "The Man That Corrupted Hadleyburg." The majority of readers will probably consider this the best tale Mark Twain has ever written; in any case, who ever fails to read "The Man That Corrupted Hadleyburg" will have missed one of the things that make life worth living.

For Sale.

A good double cylinder 2½ horse power engine. Inquire at this office. 10-26 tf.



LIKE A SWARM OF B'S

the children come to get their candy of us. Not the children alone, either, for grown-up folks, too. They all know where to find

TOOTHSOME CANDY.

Perfectly pure and nourishing, our candy can be eaten by any one without danger of upsetting the stomach or injuring the system.

OUR CUT-PRICE CANDY

this Saturday is 9c. a pound, which is going at little more than half its actual value.

GEO. ANDERSON,

44 East Main St. Bloomsburg, Pa.

Shoes!

Do You Know

We have the Largest Stock of Shoes in the County?

You will make a mistake if you fail to see our lines before doing your shoe buying.

W. H. Moore,

COR. SECOND AND IRON STS.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Farmer's Institutes.

Again Columbia County is promised a series of Institutes that will be of benefit to the public just in proportion as those interested in agriculture may take hold and push the work in the local sections where the meetings will be held. Farmers should constitute themselves a Committee of Arrangements and begin at once to get up an enthusiasm for the cause. This done now, all may be proud of the success that will surely follow. Institutes will be held as follows: Mifflinville, Dec. 8 and 9; Orangeville, Dec. 11 and 12; Benton, Dec. 13. The chairman of the county work would like to meet those interested next week to organize and get ready for the meetings. For this purpose he will be at Mifflinville, Tuesday, Nov. 28, Snyder's Store: Benton, Friday, Dec. 1, McHenry House; Orangeville Saturday, Dec. 2, Brick Hotel. Please meet promptly at 2 p. m., so I can come home on evening train.

H. V. WHITE, Chairman.

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND HONEST persons to represent us as managers in this and close by counties. Salary $900 a year and expenses. Straight, bona-fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. Our references, any bank, in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept. 3, Chicago. 9-28-16t

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.